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Vol. 4 No. 201

RUSHVILLE, IND., WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 6, 1907

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THE GRAND JURY INDICTS M'CARTY

**Knightstown Saloonist Again
Charged With Violating
the Liquor Laws**

OTHERS TOO ARE GUILTY

**Officers Kept After Former Pro-
prietor of "Saloon With a
Thousand Doors"**

[Special to the Daily Republican.]

Knightstown, Nov. 6th.—Alac McCarty, former proprietor of the "saloon with a thousand doors," was arrested Monday afternoon by Deputy Sheriff Burr, who dropped into town very quietly, located his man and served the writ. In all there were four warrants against McCarty, each having been issued by the clerk of the court, on grand jury indictments returned last week.

The indictment of McCarty was a surprise to him. His place of business was the first to join the down and out club early in September when Wayne township was voted dry. Because of that fact the grand jury's action occasioned considerable surprise. However, the indictments were based on an alleged violation of the Sunday closing law during the summer, as it is charged that several thirsty ones were supplied with the necessary stuff one Sunday. The officer was not able to secure a conviction on the evidence he had at hand and the matter was then put before the grand jury with the above result.

In discussing his arrest last night McCarty said that if he were guilty as charged there were others who were also guilty and he thinks they should have been indicted also.

YOUNG MAN IS INJURED WHILE LOADING APPLES

Elmer Hufford, who lives south of this city, is confined to his home on account of a severe injury received at the Big Four depot a few days ago, which did not give him much pain at the time, but which has grown worse in the past few days.

Mr. Hufford was attempting to load a barrel of apples in a freight car, which he was going to ship to his brother, Rev. Hufford at Charlottesville, and the barrel being quite heavy, his back was wrenched in some manner by the barrel slipping when he had it almost in the car.

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WILL GIVE RECEPTION FOR NEW PASTOR TONIGHT

**Members Preparing to Give Rev.
W. H. Clark and Wife
Royal Welcome**

A public reception will be given tonight in honor of Rev. W. H. Clark and wife, who recently came from Ohio, to this city, where Rev. Clark has accepted a call to the United Presbyterian church.

Arrangements are being made by the members of the church to give Rev. and Mrs. Clark a royal welcome and the members of the other churches are invited to participate in this reception.

WILL NOT TAKE ANY MEDICINE

**Dying Man Refuses Drugs
and Nourishment—Will
Welcome Death.**

OLD INMATE OF POOR FARM

**Once Was a Wealthy Land Owner
But Lost Everything in a
Short Time**

There is a case at the poor house over the hill, which excites sympathy and pity. An aged man, in his twilight days, has lived there for the past twenty years, with possibly no other thought or hope in life but to wait and welcome the final summons. The soft tread of the Death Angel would be welcome footsteps to his ears. He has lived and lost.

Once he was well-to-do; possessed many broad acres; lived on the fat of the land and was a man among men. In some inexplicable manner—as is generally the case—he lost all within a few months. Either pride or the wilful shutting of the door of the old home place against him caused the man, bent with age to turn his footsteps toward the only haven on earth—the poor house. Looking out the western window of life, here he sat, feeble by many long days of hard toil that he spent in accumulating money and land, to dream that saddest of dreams "what might have been."

There are very few of the older residents of this county who are not acquainted with Wesley Daubenspeck. He has not been a great care on the hands of those in charge of the county infirmary, for he seldom complained or even conversed much to the other inmates. In the past few days he has changed considerably. He has been ill, and when Dr. E. I. Wooden was called to attend him he became very indignant; refuses to take any medicines or any food, and his condition is serious and alarming.

ASKS BIG DAMAGES FROM RAILROAD

**Cyrus E. Barrett Alleges Big
Four Maliciously Broke
His Sewer Tile**

Cyrus C. Barrett has sued the C. O. C. & St. L. Railway company for \$1000 damages sustained to his farm, because of an obstruction to a tile ditch which runs underneath the company's road.

He alleges that the ditch was a great benefit to his farm and that the company negligently and maliciously broke the tiles and for these damages Mr. Barrett asks that he be allowed the above amount.

CAUGHT IN MACHINERY AT GRAVEL PIT AND WAS CRUSHED TO DEATH

**Frank Abercrombie, Well Known Jeweler, Comes
to an Untimely End While Working in Pit
Alone Yesterday Afternoon**

CRIES HEARD A QUARTER OF A MILE

**Jacob Schantz, Tenant, Rushed to the Scene—Unfortunate
Man's Body Was Horribly Mangled and He Died
in Agony**

One of the most horrible accidents that has occurred in this community in recent years, was the sad fate that befell Frank Abercrombie, the well known jeweler, at his farm southwest of this city yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock. Had he been killed instantly it would probably have been far better than to have suffered the frightful experience of having his body horribly mangled and literally torn to pieces, than to live for several hours, conscious of all that occurred, and suffering the most agonizing pains.

The unfortunate man met death in a gravel hoister, which he was running on his farm. He went to the place yesterday morning, as he had done for some time, when not busily engaged, at the jewelry store, and setting the engine in motion, started to take out the gravel with the hoister.

About four o'clock, Jacob Schantz, the dairyman, who lives on the Abercrombie farm, heard an agonizing scream, and he rushed down to the pit, which is fully a quarter of a mile from the house. The sight that met his eyes, once he reached the bank of the gravel pit, almost dumbfounded him, for Abercrombie had been caught in the heavy cogs of the machinery, and was being slowly ground to death. Shantz lost no time in reaching his side, and seeing the unfortunate man bleeding on all sides, and with wounds and gashes on every part of his exposed body, was bewildered for a few seconds, as he knew little or nothing about machinery or what he was to do to assist the man.

A remarkable fact about the accident, is that Abercrombie, although mangled in body, and suffering excruciating pain, seemed to appreciate Shantz's position, and calling him close to him coolly instructed the now excited tenant how to close down the engine and shut off the machinery. Shantz lost no time in doing as he was instructed, and after the machinery, which had been slowly crushing out Abercrombie's life was stilled, Shantz had to cut the man's clothing from his body to remove him. Most of his clothes had been literally torn from his body, and but a few remnants remained on him. One side of his head was laid bare, the cheek hanging down over the jaw bone; the scalp removed, exposing the base of his brain; the shoulder completely torn off; his left arm broken in three places, and his entire body was one mass of bleeding wounds.

A remarkable thing is that after being taken from what seemed an inevitable death, he remained standing and recounted to Shantz how the accident occurred, by his clothing being caught in the cog wheels.

A horse and buggy was procured and the injured man wrapped in blankets and brought to this city. Joseph L. Cowing was soon on the scene, and he declared on seeing the condition of Abercrombie, he wondered how he lived to tell how it occurred.

On the way to this city the injured man asked to be taken to the Winston House, conducted by his wife's sisters, and said he did not want them to apprise his wife of the accident. He also asked them to send for Drs. J. C. Sexton and O. H. Parsons, who came and attended him. But he was past medical aid and died about 11:15 last night, after suffering untold agonies.

Father—Walter J. Cronin administered the last sacrament of the Catholic church, in which the deceased was a devout member.
Mr. Abercrombie was one of the

most prosperous and substantial business men of this city. He came here about twenty years ago from Franklin county, and was employed by John A. Spurrier for several years in the jewelry store on North Main street, which he afterwards purchased, and which he conducted at the time of his death. He was quiet and unassuming in disposition, and gave little attention to anything save his business in which he managed by thrift and close attention to accumulate a comfortable fortune in a few years. His only one diversion was automobiling, and he seldom indulged in this, save on Sundays and holidays.

A few years ago, he married Miss Nellie Winston and they kept light housekeeping in rooms above the jewelry store.

A brother-in-law, Patrick Winston, is now lying at the point of death in the Winston home, where Abercrombie passed away.

Deceased was forty-one years of age, and besides leaving a widow is survived by one brother, Hugh Abercrombie, living north of this city, and two sisters, both residents of Rush county.

The funeral services will be held Friday morning at 9 o'clock at St. Mary's Catholic church, conducted by Rev. W. J. Cronin; burial in Calvary cemetery.

HAYMAKERS TO GIVE FESTIVAL

**And a Big Street Parade Followed by Banquet of
Game Meats**

BIG TIME ANTICIPATED

**Will Hold Meeting Friday Night
to Make Final Preparation
For the Event**

The local Haymakers will meet Friday night to make preparations for a big event. It is planned to hold a festival and street parade the latter part of this month, and if they follow the pace set by Haymakers in other cities, it will be well worth while.

A number of candidates will be initiated following the street parade, and following the degree work by the Connersville team, a sumptuous banquet will be served.

All the neighboring "barnyard of haymakers" will be invited to participate in the royal festivities.

It is now thought that the event will be held on the Friday following Thanksgiving, and that the banquet table will groan under the weight of palatable game killed on that day, by the sportsman members of the barnyard.

+Captain and Mrs. Slayton, of Connersville, will have charge of the meeting at the Salvation Army church on the corner of Water and Pearl street, Thursday evening, Nov. 7th. Everybody cordially invited to attend this meeting.

WERE MARRIED BEFORE THEY LEFT THE OFFICE

**Sanford Hasty and Laura M. Dudgeon Believe in Being True
to Name**

Marriage license were issued by the county clerk to Sanford Hasty, aged 36 and Laura M. Dudgeon, aged 34, this afternoon, and the two were united in the holy bonds of matrimony by Squire Jackson, before they left the clerk's office.

ANOTHER LOT ADDED TO CITY

**City Council Held Quiet and
Harmonious Meeting
Tuesday Night**

FEW CLAIMS ALLOWED

**City Treasurer's Report Was
Read and Referred to Finance
Committee**

The city council met in regular session Tuesday night with all members present and Mayor Cowing in the chair. As usual the meeting was a very quiet one. The petition of Mella and James Lock for the addition of a lot to the city of Rushville, was granted. The lot lies at the corner of Eleventh and Morgan streets. The Rushville Co-Operative Telephone company was allowed twelve days to repair brick alleys.

After allowing a few small claims the city treasurer's report was heard and referred to the finance committee. The report showed a balance on October 1st, of \$4929.18, total received during the month of October including balance, amounted to \$17,667.50, disbursements, \$12,519.10, leaving a balance of \$5148.40 on November 1, 1907.

The total including balance of the street improvement fund on November 1, was \$5429.24; disbursements for month of October \$3266; leaving a balance November 1, of \$2163.26. The total, including balance of the water and light fund November 1st, was \$9723.42, disbursements for the month of October, \$8036.87, leaving a balance November 1, 1907, of \$1686.55.

On motion of Mr. Ball the council adjourned until the next regular meeting night on Tuesday night, November 19th.

CALF SWALLOWED DYNAMITE STICK

**And Then all the Farm Folks
Ran For Dear Life—Calf
Dies Later**

The greatest sensation that has struck St. Paul recently occurred on one of Dr. F. M. Howard's farms, near the Rush county line, the latter part of last week, when one of the doctor's finest heifers ate a two-pound stick of dynamite. The doctor and his tenant were horrified to see Bossy devouring the deadly explosive. Instead of fainting from fright, though, and allowing themselves to be blown into kingdom come they ran for dear life. Contrary to expectations the heifer did not explode, but she died later, just the same, and in great agony. No glue factory would accept the carcass and no one could be found who would undertake the job of skinning it. It was not deemed advisable to burn the carcass under the circumstances and the heifer's body now rests in the quiet of a deep grave.

UNPARDONABLE SIN COMMITTED

**"Today as it Was in Former
Times," Says Rev. R. W.
Abberley**

FOUR ADDED TO CHURCH

**Pastor Will Discuss Tonight
"Popular Excuses For Not
Being a Christian"**

There were four additions at the Main Street Christian church Tuesday night, and the meeting was one of the most enthusiastic services of the series of special meetings. The pastor, Rev. R. W. Abberley, preached on "The Unpardonable Sin, Can it be Committed Today?" to a large and appreciative audience.

In discussing the subject, Rev. Abberley said in part: "The unpardonable sin is not some mysterious sin, which we unconsciously commit. We are told," said he, "that the Master would have all men to be saved, and that He will not permit us to be tempted above that which we are able to bear, and if the unpardonable sin is an unknown sin, where is their justice in heaven?"

"Neither is it the sin of infidelity or unbelief, in the ordinary sense," said the minister. "Those who were added to the church on the day of Pentecost were formerly unbelievers. They had crucified Christ, but were saved. Saul of Tarsus was an infidel, as he himself admits, but he was forgiven. Neither is backsliding the unpardonable sin. The prodigal son was a backslider, but he was taken back to the father's arms and received with joy and gladness."

"Those men to whom Jesus uttered these awful words had witnessed Him do miracles with wide open eyes and they blasphemed Him," remarked the speaker. "Blasphemy is an insult offered to God in words or writing and the sin of the tongue is expressed in words."

They had charged Jesus with casting out demons by Beelzebub, and the Savior said, you can sin against the Son of Man and it will be forgiven you, but the sin against the Holy Spirit will not be forgiven in this world nor that which is to come.

"The three personages," remarked the minister, "the Father, Son and Holy Spirit, all in one, are working in harmony. Christ said He was the Son of God, and the Father had bore witness to the same testimony, and a third witness was sent, the Spirit of Truth or the Holy Spirit, which Christ had promised, came as a divine messenger on the day of Pentecost and bore witness that Christ was the son of God. "They had blasphemed God and Christ, and now if their hearts were still hardened and they blasphemed the Holy Spirit which was sent, they were beyond pardon," said he, "because they are blaspheming the only witness and messenger of truth, and shut the only door through which the truth could come. They have willingly and conscientiously rebelled against the Holy Spirit."

"Men can sin today until the influence of truth has no effect on them," said he, "and the unpardonable state is the condition of the finally impenitent sinner. We are told to resist not the Spirit, to quench not the Holy Spirit, nor to grieve not the Spirit, for God has said 'my spirit will not always strive with men.' After all, Christ knew the human heart and it was because He loves us that he thus warns us in such awful words and in many parables in the New Testament."

Prof. F. M. Charlton sang a very beautiful solo, "A Clean Heart," by special request, as he had sang it once before, and all were favorably impressed with it.

Tonight Rev. Abberley will discuss "The Popular Excuses for not Becoming a Christian."

It is not quite clear why scientists devote so much time to experimenting with radium when there are said to be only a few ounces of it in the world.

ELECTION STORY

Tuesday's Contests In Thirteen States Passed Off In Comparative Quiet.

THE RESULTS SUMMARIZED

Thoughtful Kentuckians Rebuke the Present State Administration by Electing Republican Ticket.

In New York County Tammany Carries the Day Against Republican-Hearstite Fusion.

New York, Nov. 6.—The elections throughout the country passed off in comparative quiet Tuesday. The returns from all sections give the following results:

Augustus E. Willson (Rep.) has been elected governor of Kentucky by a safe majority over Samuel W. Hager (Dem.). The city and county of Louisville gave Willson a majority of about 3,000, and Louisville elected James F. Grinstead (Rep.) for mayor by about 1,000 over Owen Tyler (Dem.). The Republicans also gained a large number of seats in the next legislature, but not enough to overcome the Democratic majority on joint ballot. The entire Republican state ticket was elected with Willson.

In New York Edward T. Bartlett and Willard Bartlett, who ran jointly on the Democratic and Republicans tickets, are elected as judges of the court of appeals over the candidates of the Independence League. In New York city the Tammany candidates were elected over those of the Independence League by large majorities. At Cincinnati Colonel Leopold Markbreit, veteran German editor, was elected mayor on the Republican ticket by a decisive plurality, carrying the entire ticket with him.

Toledo re-elected Brand Whitlock mayor on the Independent ticket, his entire ticket being carried along with him.

Massachusetts Republicans re-elected Curtis Guild, jr., for governor, together with the full state ticket. Boston returned John B. Moran for state's attorney.

In Pennsylvania John D. Sheatz of Philadelphia (Rep.) was elected state treasurer over John G. Harman by about 175,000 plurality. This was the only state officer voted for. There were large Republican gains all over the state.

New Jersey elected a Democratic governor in the person of Frank S. Katzenbach, jr., who won by a small margin over Judge Fort.

San Francisco's good government movement was strengthened by the election of Dr. Taylor, who has been acting mayor since Schmitz's conviction, and re-electing District Attorney Langdon.

At Salt Lake City the Anti-Mormon party won by a decisive majority.

In Virginia the Democrats will control both houses of the legislature by the usual majority.

Tom Johnson was re-elected mayor of Cleveland, O., for the fourth time. Ohio's municipal elections were mainly conducted on local issues.

In Mississippi there was but one ticket, headed by E. F. Noel for governor. Only a small vote was cast.

Program of Whitehouse Doin's.

Washington, Nov. 6.—The following program of receptions and dinners at the White House for the season of 1907-08 has been announced today: All the functions except the New Year's reception to be held on Thursdays: cabinet dinner, December 19; New Year's reception, January 1; diplomatic reception, January 9; diplomatic dinner, January 16; judicial reception, January 23; supreme court dinner, January 30; congressional reception, February 6; and army and navy reception, February 20.

"Ops" Tired of the Strike.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—A secret vote of striking telegraphers last night resulted in a decision to recommend to the national executive board that the strike be "suspended." The executive committee will hold a meeting today and act upon the recommendation.

New Record for Sea Speed.

London, Nov. 6.—At her official trial the British torpedo boat destroyer Mohawk attained the record speed of 34.34 knots an hour. This speed is equal to about thirty-nine and one-half land miles an hour.

A Prizing Tragedy.

Marshall, Col., Nov. 6.—Henry Nicholas was killed in a prize fight with John Fallon, another miner. In the second round Nicholas went down and his head hit a bench as he fell. He died instantly.

Awful Fall of Miners.

Liege, Belgium, Nov. 6.—The cage of a coal mine shaft at Collard fell 360 feet, killing, mortally wounding or maiming the thirteen occupants of the cage.

Adams Jury Completed.

Rathburn, Ida., Nov. 6.—The jury for the trial of Steve Adams, charged with the murder of Fred Tyler, has been completed.

A WASHINGTON WEDDING

Grandson of General Grant to Marry Secretary of State's Daughter.

New York, Nov. 5.—Greatly to the regret of the many friends and relatives of the Fred Grants and of the Roots in New York, the wedding of Edith Root, daughter of the secretary



MISS EDITH ROOT

of state, to Lieut. Ulysses S. Grant, U. S. A., will take place at Washington instead of here, on Wednesday, Nov. 27. Miss Root would have preferred to have the wedding at her father's country home at Clinton, N. Y., but has deferred to the consideration of convenience of the guests who



LIEUT. U. S. GRANT III

are to be present at the ceremony. Among them will be President and Mrs. Roosevelt, as well as all the members of the cabinet, excepting Secretary Taft, while Princess Cantacuzene, the sister of the bridegroom, has likewise announced her intention of coming over from Paris to attend the affair.

A \$250,000 Fire Loss.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 6.—The plant of the Bourbon stock yards, located at Johnson and Main streets, was practically wiped out by a fire which broke out early last evening. From the stock yards the flames spread to the plant of the H. L. Vissman Packing company. The loss on the stock yards plant is estimated at \$250,000. Ten carloads of hogs were burned, but the employees managed to save most of the cattle although several men received minor injuries while so engaged. The loss on the Vissman plant is estimated at \$75,000.

Limited to \$25 Per Week.

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 6.—In order to thoroughly protect the cashier's check system in use by the local banks, the Birmingham clearing house association has decided to limit the amount of cash that can be drawn out by individual depositors to \$25 per week. Notices to this effect have been posted in all the clearing house banks.

Victim of Chicago Burglar.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—James W. Allaway, a wealthy commission merchant of Los Angeles, Cal., was killed by a burglar at the home of his brother, Edward Allaway, at 418 South Waller avenue. The burglar escaped from the house without being seen by any of the family.

Saved From Living Inhumation.

Monterey, Mex., Nov. 6.—While the minister of her church was pronouncing funeral services over the supposed dead body of Mrs. Fred Harzell, the woman stirred, sighed and then sat up in the casket. The minister fainted, the pall-bearers and friends fled from the room and only the husband remained to assist Mrs. Harzell from the casket. Several days ago Mrs. Harzell fainted and was pronounced dead by several physicians.

Jealous Man Released on Bail.

Columbus, Ind., Nov. 6.—V. S. Martin, who shot Thomas Shaw at St. Louis Crossing, this county, Sunday afternoon, because he was jealous of his wife and Shaw, has been released on \$300 bond. The charge lodged against him in Justice Kinney's court here is assault and battery with intent to kill.

It Was Not Murder.

Goshen, Ind., Nov. 6.—It is announced by the police that Ralph Kyle, whose mangled remains were found on the Lake Shore tracks here, was not murdered. Witnesses testified before the coroner's jury that Kyle, in an effort to recover his hat, slipped and fell from a car.

NO EXTRA SESSION

Financiers Are Given to Understand the President Will Keep Hands Off.

NO NEED OF HOT HASTE

The Administration Feels That the Situation Should Settle Down to Perspective Point.

Then Proper Judgment Can Be Formed on the Various Proposed Monetary "Reforms."

New York, Nov. 6.—The arrival of the first treasure ship laden with gold for the relief of the present stringency was the feature of the financial situation yesterday. The Kron Prinzessin Cecilie unloaded \$1,100,000 in the yellow metal which will go to strengthen New York bank reserves. The Cunard liner Lusitania will follow closely in her wake with \$10,000,000 and \$14,000,000 more will follow during the remainder of the week and early next week.

The additional withdrawals of £750,000 from the Bank of England for the United States and £25,000 for Canada brings up the total gold engagements on the present movement to about \$36,600,000. The news that the Bank of France bought £3,000,000 in sterling bills on London was regarded here as an event of the first importance as indicating that French financiers were not only able but willing to help London and thus indirectly to help American by relieving the strain on the Bank of England caused by the heavy American demands for gold. It is hoped that this action of the Bank of France will deter the Bank of England from raising its discount rate to 7 per cent at the meeting of the directors on Thursday and the Imperial Bank of Germany from raising its rate from 6½ to 7½ per cent. The inference is drawn that it is likely to have this effect, because not since 1873 has the Bank of England's rate been above 6 per cent, and only for twelve days in each of the years, 1899 and 1900 has the German rate been above 6 per cent since 1870.

The presence of Secretary Cortelyou in the city on his way to vote gave an opportunity for further conferences with Mr. Morgan and other leading bankers. Besides Mr. Morgan, Secretary Cortelyou saw George W. Perkins and one or two other bankers who acquainted him with the progress of events. He was told that the situation in New York was rapidly improving because of the developments in the last twenty-four hours.

Those bankers who saw Secretary Cortelyou are convinced that there is no intention on the part of President Roosevelt to call an extra session of congress to pass any remedial financial legislation, as it is understood the administration feels that the situation should settle down to a basis where a proper judgment can be formed on the various proposed changes in the present monetary laws. It was further understood that the administration has not yet definitely shaped the plans of financial legislation which it may desire to have considered at the coming session of congress.

Clash of Judicial Authority.

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 6.—Developments of the past two days indicate that a clash between federal judges in Alabama is imminent. Judge Thos. G. Jones exploded a bombshell in the federal building yesterday by suddenly appearing and opening court, although he has not been in Birmingham in several months. Judge Jones contends that as he was appointed judge of the northern and middle districts of Alabama, Judge Oscar R. Hundley is simply an associate judge. Judge Hundley on the other hand contends that as he was appointed judge of the northern Alabama district, Judge Jones has no further authority in this end of the state.

Cash for Pensions.

Washington, Nov. 6.—Word reached the treasury department that because of reluctance to part with the currency they have on hand national banks throughout the country are declining to cash pension vouchers, disbursing officers' drafts and other obligations of the government. Treasurer Treat took measures to relieve this condition of affairs and sent telegraphic advices to all the sub-treasurers to make prompt payment in currency to all persons holding such checks or drafts of what may be due them.

A "Stringency" Incident.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 6.—Owing to financial conditions which prevent the placing of advance orders the flour mills of the Consolidated Company have been shut down temporarily and other companies either reduced their output or arranged to close for a time. Another factor in the situation is the extremely high price of wheat which has operated to raise the cost of flour a point where buyers are waiting in the hope of saving money.

The Globe (Ariz.) National bank, with a capital of \$50,000 and deposits of \$300,000, has temporarily suspended.

Daily Markets

The following are the ruling prices in the Kinsville market corrected to date NOVEMBER 6, 1907

GRAIN	
Wheat	89
Oats, per bushel	42
Sound Dry Corn, per bu	54
Timothy seed, per bushel	2 00
Clover seed, per bushel	9 00
Straw Baled	5 00
Buying price at Kinsville, for clover, timothy or mixed, either baled or loose according to quality	\$10-\$12
CATTLE, SHEEP AND HOGS	
Hogs, per hundred pounds	\$5 75 to 6 00
Sheep, per hundred	4 00 to 5 00
Steers, per hundred	8 50 to 5 00
Veal calves, per hundred	8 75 to 5 00
Beef cows, per hundred	8 50 to 4 00
Butter	3 50 to 4 50

POULTRY	
Toms on foot, per pound	90
Chickens, per pound	80
Hens on foot, per pound	80
4 weeks old	100
Ducks, per pound	70
G. per pound	60
Pigeons	100
Turkeys	90
Young	110

PRODUCE	
Eggs, per dozen	220
Butter, country, per pound	200
FRUIT AND VEGETABLES	
Potatoes, per bushel	75
Apples, per bushel	1 20 1 25

Current Quotations on Grain and Live-stock at Leading Points.

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock.	
Wheat—Wagon, 93c; No. 2 red, 94½c. Corn—No. 2, 60½c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 44c. Hay—Clover, \$13.00@14.00; timothy, \$15.00@17.00; mixed, \$15.00 @ 16.00. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 6.75. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 6.25. Sheep—\$3.00 @ 4.75. Lambs—\$4.00 @ 6.50. Receipts—8,000 hogs; 1,700 cattle; 250 sheep. Arrivals of horses for the auctions were small; not many orders and trading was dull and unsatisfactory.	
At Cincinnati.	
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.00. Corn—No. 2, 61c. Oats—No. 3, 48c. Cattle—\$4.65 @ 5.40. Hogs—\$5.10 @ 6.10. Sheep—\$2.25 @ 5.00. Lambs—\$4.00 @ 7.10.	
At Chicago.	
Wheat—No. 2 red, 97½c. Corn—No. 2, 61c. Oats—No. 3, 54½c. Cattle—Steers, \$4.50 @ 7.25; stockers and feeders, \$2.40 @ 4.85. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 6.20. Sheep—\$3.25 @ 6.25. Lambs—\$5.75 @ 6.75.	
New York Livestock.	
Cattle—\$4.50 @ 6.30. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 6.70. Sheep—\$3.50 @ 5.50. Lambs—\$6.15 @ 6.75.	
At East Buffalo.	
Cattle—\$4.50 @ 6.50. Hogs—\$6.50 @ 6.60. Sheep—\$3.50 @ 5.75. Lambs—\$6.00 @ 7.60.	
Wheat at Toledo.	
May, \$1.05½; Dec., 99½c; cash, 98½c.	

W. E. DEERE, Cattle Department.
J. J. BEASLEY, Sheep and Calf Dept.

SHERIDAN HAWKINS, Hog Dept.
C. W. THOMPSON, Helper

DEERE, HAWKINS & CO.

Live Stock Commission Salesmen.

Reference: Indiana National Bank, Indianapolis, Ind. WE GIVE SHIPMENTS PER SONAL AND IMPARTIAL ATTENTION.
Rushville National Bank, Rushville, Ind.
Central State Bank, Connersville, Ind.

Long Distance Telephone No. 728.

Union Stock Yards, Indianapolis, Indiana

The Reason Why

Peninsular Stoves Are The Best.

- FIRST. They use a ton less of coal a winter than any other make; a saving of \$7 to \$8 per year.
- SECOND. It utilizes heat that ordinarily escapes into the chimney and adds fully one-third to the heating capacity of the stove.
- THIRD. It always insures perfect distribution of heat through the rooms.
- FOURTH. It always gives satisfaction.
- We show the largest line of Steel Ranges, Hot Blasts and Soft Coal Burners in town. Also a complete line of Radiators, American Beauty Gas Heating Stoves and Gas Cook Stoves. Call in and see our line before you buy.

Morris & Bassler,

EVERY DAY IS A NEW BEGINNING

Then why not begin today by putting all your small bills into one having then only one place to pay, also making your payments smaller than you are now paying. If you need some money in order to do this, let us advance it to you as we have assisted thousands of others this way. Why not you?

All that is necessary to obtain the amount needed is to own household goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc. We have our own original fifty week plan which gives you fifty weeks in which to pay back your loan.

60c is a weekly payment on a \$25 loan.
\$1.20 is a weekly payment on a \$50 loan.
\$1.80 is a weekly payment on a \$75 loan.
\$2.40 is a weekly payment on a \$100 loan.
Other amounts in proportion.

If in need of money fill out the blank and mail to us, our agent will be in Rushville every Tuesday and will call on you.

Your Name.....
Wife's Name.....
City.....
Street and No.....
Occupation.....
Amount Wanted.....

Richmond Loan Co.,
Room 8 Colonial Building,
RICHMOND, INDIANA.
Home Phone 445. Established 11 years.

PUBLIC SALE

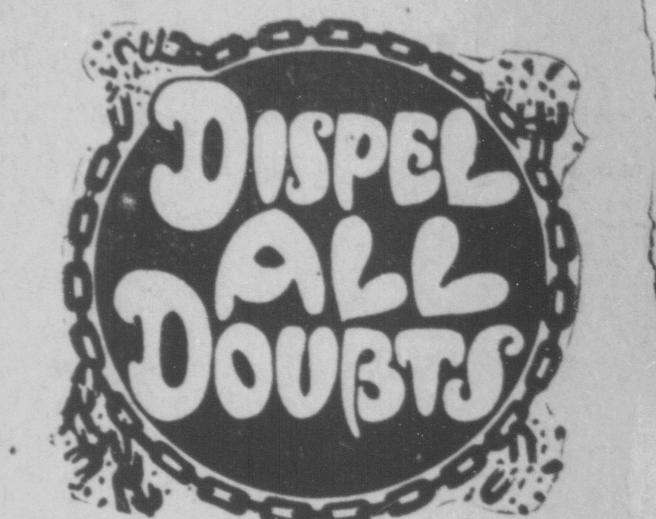
Bills with large red head line "Public Sale" No extra charge for this red head line and our prices are the cheapest.

Simplicity. I do believe in simplicity. It is astonishing as well as sad how many trivial affairs even the wisest man thinks he must attend to every day, how singular an affair he thinks he must omit. When the mathematician would solve a difficult problem he first frees the equation of all imbricatures and reduces it to its simplest terms. So simplify the problem of life, distinguish the necessary and the real. Probe the earth to see where your main roots run.—Thoreau.

Talking Golf. From the window she saw him coming up the steps. "He comes!" she exclaimed joyfully. There was a bit of ice on the top step (for it was an early day in June). He struck it. Then he struck each of the other steps in succession. "Heavens!" she cried. "He has fozzled his approach!"—London Tribune.

Mrs. Austin famous pancakes make a hearty, wholesome breakfast. Fresh supply now at your grocers.

Do you get up at night? SANOL is surely the best for all kidney or bladder troubles. SANOL GIVES relief in 24 hours from all backache and bladder troubles. Get a 35c trial bottle at the drug store.



As to the character of your fire insurance policy by entrusting us with the placing of your insurance business. We represent only the most reliable insurance companies, and if you want to secure the best protection, it is well to carry an insurance policy with a reliable company.

LOUIS C. LAMBERT
Office over Rush County National Bank
Phone 237.

Fred A. Caldwell
Successor to Caldwell & Co.
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
AND EMBALMER
No. 242 Main St.
Calls Answered Day or Night.
Phones 61 and 231. Rushville, Ind.

DR. J. B. KINSINGER
OSTEOPATH.
Phone 281. Rushville, Ind.
General practice. Office and residence 226 W. 5th St. Office hours: Monday Wednesday and Friday, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 5 to 8 p. m., other hours by appointment

G. W. OSBORNE,
ABSTRACT OF TITLE.
Entire New System. Up-to-Date. Also Loans and Fire Insurance.
Office in Poe's Jewelry Store, Main Street, 20, 1899.

T. E. Cregg
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans and Collections.
Office: Over Bee Hive Store.

RED LINE
The Indianapolis & Cincinnati Traction Company.
PASSENGER SERVICE.
East Bound:—
Limited every two hours—5:50 a. m. to 11:50 p. m., except 11:50 a. m. and 5:50 p. m.
Locals every two hours—6:44 a. m. to 10:44 p. m. and 12:41 a. m.
"CONNERSVILLE DISPATCH" at 11:30 a. m. and 5:30 p. m. making no stop between Rushville and Connersville
West Bound:—
Limited every two hours—5:01 a. m. to 11:01 p. m., except 9:01 a. m. and 3:01 p. m.
Locals every two hours—6:09 a. m. to 10:09 p. m. and 12:01 a. m.
"CONNERSVILLE DISPATCH" 8:59 a. m. and 2:59 p. m. making no stop between Rushville station and Indianapolis.
EXPRESS SERVICE
West Bound:—
8:20 a. m. and 6:20 p. m.
East Bound:—
5:15 a. m. and 3:15 p. m.
Interchangeable coupon books for family and party use by special contract.
For Special Information call new phone No. 73.

GIVEN THREE DAYS TO LIVE

Young Lady Rescued From the Brink of the Grave and Made Strong and Well by Father John's Medicine.

"It is with a heart full of gratitude that I tell what Father John's Medicine has done for me. I had a terrible cough and was so weak that the family physician gave me up, giving me but three days to live. It was then that I began to take Father John's Medicine. Any person who saw me then would scarce y know me now, I am so well, and the credit belongs to Father John's Medicine. My little brother drinks the medicine like water and thrives on it." (Signed) Mary A. E. Reynolds, 2410 117th St., Chicago, Ill.

Remember, Father John's Medicine is not a patent medicine, but the prescription of the eminent specialist who prescribed it for the late Rev. John O'Brien, by whom it was recommended and from whom it derived its name. It is free from opium, morphine or any of the poisonous, nerve-deadening drugs or weakening stimulants upon which a majority of patent medicines depend for their temporary effect, and which are dangerous—you are warned against them. Fifty years in use. Guaranteed. Father John's Medicine builds up the body and makes flesh and strength. For sale by F. E. Wolcott.



—this trade-mark has an actual commercial value in excess of \$1,000,000.00.

—did the reason for this ever occur to you?

—it is because the trade-mark has been made to stand for the highest stove merit in the minds of millions of people—because a construction bearing it has become generally recognized as the standard in stovedom.

—come and see these extraordinary stoves today.

—open of evenings until eight o'clock.

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES
EDGERTON & SON

Loans! Loans!! Loans!!!

If you want to borrow some money either in large or small amounts, for long or short time, on easy terms, on any kind of security, at a low rate of interest, come and see me. Information cheerfully given.

No Delay, Loans Made While You Wait.

Remember, I make a specialty of Farm and City Loans.

Walter E. Smith, Attorney,

Rooms 7-8-9 Miller Building, Phone 452.

Buggies, Surreys and Road Wagons

I still have a few left that I will sell on August 15, 1908 time, without interest. A discount for cash.

I have 25 or 30 sets of the best buggy harness ever made in the city of Rushville, that I will sell on time or cash. Also heavy work harness, leather or chain traces.

J. W. Tompkins has the best line of Robes and Blankets of any dealer in the city. I bought them before the raise in price. Can sell for less money as I don't pay any rent for room.

Clover Seed: I want to buy your clover seed and will pay the highest market price for timothy and clover seed. Have timothy and clover seed for sale. I have about 25 or 30 bushels of the best little clover seed that will be brought to the city this fall. If you want the best I have it, this is no lie.

Roofing and Linseed Meal.

Brown Wagons, the best wagon made today. Call and look them over.

J. W. TOMPKINS,
South of Court House.

AUTOS MUST STOP

Supreme Court Says the "Devil Wagons" Must Give People a Chance.

THE RIGOR OF THE LAW

According to This Decision Now Confronts Auto Driver Who Fails to Observe Stop Signals.

Important Ruling Given In a Case of Highway Rights Appealed From De Kalb.

Indianapolis, Nov. 6.—The supreme court has reversed the judgment of the DeKalb circuit court with instruction to overrule a motion to quash affidavit in the case of the state against Samuel Goodwin. It is alleged that Goodwin failed to stop an automobile which he was driving on a public highway at the signal given by Josie Case, who, with her sister Rosa, were riding in a buggy. The latter was driving. The trial court decided for the defendant and the state took an appeal. The question for the higher court to decide was whether or not the signal must be given by the driver or by any occupant of the vehicle. The opinion was written by Judge J. V. Hadley and in it he says that it was the intention of the legislature to protect the public on the highways and there is no reason for greater protection of the driver than any other occupant of the vehicle. In this case the driver had to use both hands to manage the horse and her sister gave the signal for the driver of the automobile to stop by raising her hand. The opinion proceeds by saying that the driver's sense of moral or social duties should induce him to stop when requested to do so by the driver of a frightened horse and if he failed to do so the rigor of the law should be interposed.

NOT READY FOR FLAMES

Court's Ruling Preserves Gambling Devices for the Time.

Paoli, Ind., Nov. 6.—The French Lick and West Baden gambling cases were before the Orange circuit court again on petition and motion of the attorney general for an order on the sheriff to destroy at once the gambling devices taken in the raid on the gambling resorts in July, 1906.

The petition was filed under the act of 1907, which amended the act of 1905, under which the property was seized and which last named act provided for the destruction of the property only after the trial and conviction of the owner, while the act of 1907 provided for its immediate destruction and to apply to all such property then in the hands of the officers.

Judge Buskirk refused to grant the prayer of the petition and motion, holding that the only law in force at the time of the seizure provided for the destruction only after the conviction of the owner and as a part of the penalty for his offense; that the act of 1907 required the infliction of that part of the penalty against the owner in advance of his trial and conviction.

Judge Buskirk also held that the application of the act of 1907 to the present case was to rob him of the protection of a fundamental principle of the law—the presumption of innocence of the offense charged, which the law throws around him and which presumption extended to the innocent character of the property as well as to the person of the defendant; that to grant the order for its destruction in advance of defendant's trial was to order the destruction of tangible and competent evidence and substitute therefor a written list of the property destroyed, which the act of 1907 provides shall be used on the trial of the defendant as evidence.

The court held that the proceeding, being based entirely on a criminal statute, it was a criminal proceeding and the term "ex-post facto," applied, the case in no sense being a civil proceeding, as contended by the attorney general in his argument.

Judge Buskirk held the act of 1907 to be ex-post facto, as applied to this case, refused to order the destruction of the property, ordered that it remain in the custody of the sheriff until the trial and conviction of the defendant and until the property was ordered destroyed under the provisions of Section 565 of the public offense act of 1905, under which the property was seized.

An appeal was prayed by the attorney general to the supreme court and was granted.

Stood by Their Comrade.

Clinton, Ind., Nov. 6.—One man at Maple Valley has thrown 150 miners out of work and caused the shutting down of the mine. He had been discharged for cause, but the local threatened to strike if he was not given work. The mine bosses then decided to close for a while and did so, thus throwing 150 men out of work.

Body Cut to Pieces.

Pittsboro, Ind., Nov. 6.—A man about thirty years old was run down and killed by a Big Four passenger train just east of this place. His body was cut to pieces, though the face was without a scratch. There was nothing by which identity could be established.

CHECKS CAUSE STRIKE

Because They Were Refused Pay in Currency Miners Quit.

Danville, Ill., Nov. 6.—Because they could not get cash in return for their labor, nearly all of the 3,300 miners employed in seven of the Deering Coal company's mines in this vicinity refused to work. Officials of the company notified the men that their next pay would be in checks, and the strike resulted.

The miners claim that the checks will not be honored at the local banks, owing to the action of the clearing house. The merchants of the city held a meeting and agreed to take up the checks, provided the men would spend a small amount for goods at the stores where the checks were cashed. To this the miners would not agree, declaring they would rather not work than to receive their pay in checks.

The seven mines affected have contracts for furnishing coal to the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railway, the Illinois Steel company's plants at Joliet and Chicago, the Standard Oil company at Whiting, Ind., and several other large concerns which will be seriously affected by the shutdown.

FATAL ELECTION RIOT

Tuesday's Contest Resulted in Bloodshed at Lexington.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 6.—Four men were shot, one killed, and two fatally wounded in an encounter on Vine street Tuesday afternoon over the election. The dead man is Clyde Campbell. Fatally wounded, W. R. Campbell, father of Clyde, and "Bouncer" Michael Murphy, policeman. Marion Smith, another policeman, was shot. W. R. Campbell is Republican candidate for councilman. He accused Patrolman Murphy of taking too active a part in the election. Murphy and Smith arrested Campbell, and were taking him to the police station when Clyde Campbell, the son, drew his revolver and shot Murphy. Twenty shots were fired.

To Restrict Number of Saloons.

Danville, Ill., Nov. 6.—The advance which the temperance cause has made in Danville in the last year is said to be directly responsible for legislation introduced at the last meeting of the city council. The ordinance in question provides for the limiting of the number of saloons in the city to fifty-nine. At present there are ninety-four saloons. The saloon men favor the measure for the reason that their business is so slack they believe it would improve if the number of drinking places is restricted. The temperance forces favor the ordinance for the simple reason that it would do away with more than a score of saloons.

Got Sick of the Boycott.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 6.—As a result of the boycott campaign which has been waged for several months by the Montana Federation of Labor against business houses and individuals patronizing the Rocky Mountain Bell Telephone company, four of the strongest labor unions in Helena have withdrawn from the state organization. Helena Typographical Union, No. 95, has decided to divorce itself from the organization. Howard O. Smith, secretary of the federation, is a member of the typographical union and the action of the printers takes away his membership in the state body.

Spokane Takes the Lead.

Spokane, Wash., Nov. 6.—The executive board of the local union of Commercial Telegraphers voted unanimously to call off the strike. There are about forty men in the Spokane local.

WEAK KIDNEYS MAKE WEAK BODIES

Kidney Diseases Cause Half the Common Aches and Ills of Rushville people

As one weak link weakens a chain, so weak kidneys weaken the whole body and hasten the final breaking down.

Overwork, strains, colds and other causes injure the kidneys, and when their activity is lessened the whole body suffers from the excess of uric poison circulated in the blood.

Aches and pains and languor and urinary ills come, and there is an ever increasing tendency toward diabetes and fatal Bright's disease. There is no real help for the sufferer except kidney help.

Dean's Kidney Pills act directly on the kidneys and cure every kidney ill. Rushville cures are the proof.

Mrs. Berry Ab-r-nathy, 818 West Third Street, Rushville, Ind., says:

My husband has been subject to attacks of lumbago. He was troubled with a severe lameness in the small of the back which would come on suddenly and fore him to stop work. The last attack seized him while he was perfectly well and he suffered the sharpest kind of pain in his back. He applied ointments, liniments and numerous remedies but received little benefit. Reading of Dean's Kidney Pills, he was induced to get a box at F. B. Johnson & Company's drug store. They soon broke up the spell, his headaches ceased and he regained his strength and buoyancy again. We think highly of Dean's Kidney Pills and please to let others know of them.

Maybe Somebody Has Fooled You!

People don't get wealthy by paying the highest price, but by getting the most for their money. That is why more rich people drink Arbuckles' Ariososa than any other coffee. ARIOSOSA is the cheapest good coffee in the world.

ARBUCLE BROS., New York City.

If the Boy

is exceedingly hard on shoes we would like to have the opportunity of fitting him.

We believe the Alden shoe will hold the most strenuous lad for a longer time than any other boys' shoe made. Let us demonstrate this to you. We know if he wears one pair you will bring him here for a second. Prices

\$2.25 to \$3.50.

CASADY & COX, Rushville, Indiana.



Clean Things to Wear.

When you send your soiled linen to us we return it to you clean and white ready to wear.

Rushville Steam Laundry,

Phone 342

221 North Morgan Street

NOTICE....

We have secured an agency for the National Biscuit Co.'s bread, which we will receive Fresh Every Morning

L. L. ALLEN, Grocer, 327-329 Main St.
PHONE 420

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

Advices received by the French government from Morocco show that the situation there has so far improved that the presence of a large naval force is no longer necessary.

George Sutton, at Chicago, successfully defended his title as champion eighteen-two billiard player by defeating Jacob Schaefer, the score being 500 to 241.

The line of action to be followed by the new Russian duma will be determined this week by conventions to be held by two of the leading parties.

A portrait of William J. Bryan has been presented to the Philippine assembly by Justice Mapa and was received with many thanks.

Secretary of War Taft says he has not yet decided regarding the abandonment of his Siberian trip, but that the probability is that he will return to Washington via San Francisco.

The five whaling vessels of the Pacific coast fleet, which were thought to have been caught in the Arctic ice floes, are safe.

A report that a number of flour mills in Minneapolis might shut down because of the financial conditions caused, a weakness in the Chicago wheat market.

Some Pumpkins

The undersigned wants 25 car loads of pumpkins immediately. Call phone 187. Will R. dman, Rushville.

Harrisburg Reports \$15,000 Fire.

Carmi, Ill., Nov. 6.—Fire destroyed the vehicle and harness establishment owned by W. T. Skaggs & Son, at Harrisburg, Ill., causing \$15,000 loss. The firm will rebuild without delay.

London, Nov. 6.—A royal proclamation issued today announces that parliament is further prorogued from Nov. 16 to Dec. 26.

35 cents gets a LARGE TRIAL BOTTLE of SANOL. It does wonders for the liver, kidneys, and bladder. A trial 35c bottle will convince you. Get it at the drug store.

Murder Trial in Progress.
Anderson, Ind., Nov. 6.—The trial of James Anderson, a young farmer of Putnam county, charged with the murder of Jacob Diehl, a glass worker of Alexandria, in the streets of Elwood in April, is in progress in the circuit court. Most of the witnesses in the case are lamp chimney workers and farmers. Anderson has been out on bail since a few days after his arrest on the charge of murder in the second degree.

Piano Tuning
Leave orders with A. P. Wagoner at Poe's Jewelry Store. Feb 26dwtf

Such Is Fame.
A learned correspondent writes: "I was examining a witness, an elderly woman, the other day. On my inquiring her name she said it was Mrs. Bardell and that she came from Gravesend. I asked, 'Did you know Charles Dickens?' She replied, 'Do you mean the undertaker?' Such is fame."—London News.

Constipation with all its manifestations of a disturbed liver and indigestion yields quickly to SANOL. It only costs 35 cents to find out the great curative powers in the Sanol Remedies. Take nothing else from the druggist. Remember it is SANOL you want. 35c and \$1 per bottle at the drug store.

Raising Poultry.
No matter when you start in the poultry business, remember that you should always start with the best. If you have not enough money to buy many fowls buy only a pair and get the best you can and remember further that next year's produce may not even be as good as those you start with. It takes years of experience to master the art of raising fine poultry, and it is only after we have successfully studied the problem well that we can successfully mate our fowls year after year and show a constant improvement at the end of each season. Begin in a small way and study every point and avoid the mistakes that we once made. Don't expect \$100 worth of poultry to bring you an income sufficient for your family. No investment will do that.—Farmer.

Easy to buy, easy to try, the best wholesome, appetizing breakfast is Mrs. Austin's famous pancakes.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

Published Daily Except Sunday by

THE REPUBLICAN COMPANY

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One week delivered by carrier..... .16
One year by carrier..... .44.00
One year delivered by mail..... .43.00

TELEPHONE NUMBER SIXTY-THREE

TOM J. GERAGHTY, City Editor.

CHARLES S. VAIL, Associate City Editor

RUSHVILLE, INDIANA, NOVEMBER 6, 1907

Pennsylvania rolled up one of the old-time Republican majorities, in fact it rolled up one of the biggest in the history of the State. Pennsylvania is all right.

The President has just added 490,451 acres to the national forests in California, which now include the Calaveras big trees and the Yosemite Valley. In forestry the President's idea is that the way to begin is to begin.

Speculators are the only ones who find no comfort when the financial situation is fairly analyzed. Factories are still crowded with orders, the railroads continue to get all the business they can handle, and the country in general continues to be prosperous.

The election returns from from Kentucky are certainly cheering news for the political exiles—ex-Governor W. S. Taylor and Charles Finney, ex-secretary of State of Kentucky. And no doubt the political martyr-prisoner, Caleb Powers, is smiling some and taking fresh hope that his long drawn out case might finally be definitely decided.

The Southern Railroad company has been charged with discriminating in the distribution of cars among shippers. The railroad commission orders the company to make a distribution based upon "the average daily requirements of operators, modified by average daily capacities and outputs." The company proposes to resist the order. There may be differences of opinion as to the merits of this particular case, but as a rule we suspect that the railroad companies will find it wiser to adapt themselves as nearly as practicable to the requirements of the commission. Otherwise the people are likely to demand even more stringent regulation and the time has come when the people are likely to get what they demand.

INDIANA POLITICS

BY ROBERT G. TUCKER.

Indianapolis, Ind., November 6.—Notwithstanding the refusal of most of the banks of Indiana to permit their depositors to check against their accounts as they please, the condition of the state banks was never better. Auditor of State Billheimer and R. B. Oglesby, clerk of his banking department, are completing a statement which shows that the earnings, deposits and resources have increased very rapidly during the past eleven months. Their statement covers the eleven months prior to Sept. 30. The increase in loans and securities over the corresponding period of the previous year is 13.79 per cent. The increase in the value of the real estate and other property belonging to the banks is 20.93 per cent. The increase in the cash on hand in the banks is 11.49 per cent. The increase in resources is 13.39 per cent. The net increase in capital invested is 12.12 per cent. The increase in deposits is 13.39 per cent. The increase of the capital paid in is 10.77 per cent. The increase of capital earned is 16.29 per cent. The statement shows that the reserve fund is 30.20 per cent, which is regarded as an unusually good showing.

Republican candidates for the nomination for governor are beating the bushes for delegates. Charles W. Miller of Goshen, former attorney general, is touring the Eleventh district, which has been promised to him by Elam Neal, revenue collector, and Harry Pettit, United States marshal. Pettit and Neal are supposed by Miller's friends to control the Eleventh district. Lieutenant Governor Miller of Columbus was here today consulting with his friends. They believe his chances are growing brighter every day. It is understood now that Governor Hanly is quietly pulling as many strings for him as he can reach. One of the governor's close friends said today that he may make a public announcement for Miller about the first of the year. Congressman Watson attended a meeting of the board of trustees of Indiana university at Bloomington yesterday. He went to Peru today to attend a big district meeting of the Knights of Pythias.

The stringency in the money market will be something of a boon to those who have notes falling due. It will afford an excuse.

With the State of Kentucky electing a Republican governor and the city of Louisville, a Republican mayor, it seems that there is hope for Kentucky.

The Journal of Kennebec, Maine, a paper once edited by James G. Blaine, in considering certain prophecies concerning the elections next September says:

"The Republican party will go into the next campaign united and aggressive. It will be a campaign of national importance and one that will have a direct and powerful bearing upon the prosperity of the country. The Republican in Maine will lead off in a campaign with a sweeping and decisive victory. There may be no doubt about that. Democrats like to indulge in vain prophecies before election day, but it must be remembered that making them is really the only satisfaction they get out of a campaign, and that no intelligent citizen is ever misled by them."

Months of work by nearly three thousand clerks and special agents of the Census Bureau has resulted in the information that approximately 1,300,000 married couples asked for legal separation during the ten years from 1897 to 1906, or at the rate of 130,000 a year. Publication will be made in a few months of the reasons given in the complaints on which these divorces were asked. It is estimated that two-thirds of the cases were successful.

The census was taken under a resolution of the last congress, and the figures are expected to start renewed discussion of the divorce evil in the United States. There are about 40,000 cases yet to be investigated by the Census Bureau, which will complete what is known as the field work.

He will be one of the principal speakers. He will return to Indianapolis the last of the week. His headquarters are proving very popular with party workers from throughout the state. Former Attorney General Taylor has returned from New York and is very busy getting his boom under way. He is very confident that his chances of winning are better than those of his opponents.

Governor Hanly has announced the following appointments: Rev. Father Gavisk of Indianapolis, member of the board of state charities, to succeed William P. Cooper of Fort Wayne, resigned; Dr. Mary A. Spink of Indianapolis, to succeed Dr. Sarah Stockton of Indianapolis, resigned, as a member of the board of state charities; W. W. Parsons of Terre Haute, reappointed as a member of the public library commission; John W. Headington of Portland, reappointed as a member of the board of control of the soldiers' and sailors' monument; George G. Furling of Richmond, and Orville L. Boor of Muncie, to succeed themselves as members of the state board of veterinary examiners.

J. J. M. LaFollette, deputy United States district attorney for Indiana for the past ten years, has tendered his resignation, to take effect Jan. 1. He will become a member of the faculty of the law school at Indiana university, succeeding Judge W. D. Robinson, formerly of the appellate court, who will enter the practice of law at Evansville. Clarence Nichols probably will succeed LaFollette here.

No man is a hero while seasick. Lafayette was sent by Washington and congress to France to ask further supplies of men and money for the American colonies. He sailed from Boston in the frigate Alliance, and a passage had to be cut for the ship through the ice. Off the Newfoundland banks the ship was assailed by a terrible tempest, which threatened destruction, and Lafayette was very seasick. His aide-de-camp, the Chevalier de Pontbault, who relates the incident in his memoirs, heard him soliloquizing thus on the hopelessness of the situation and the emptiness of glory:

"Diable! I have done well certainly. At my time of life—barely twenty years of age—with my name, rank and fortune and after having married Mlle. de Noailles, to leave everything and serve as a breakfast for codfish!"

THE LOST CHORD.

EATED one day at the organ, —
I was weary and ill at ease;
And my fingers wandered idly
Over the noisy keys.

I know not what I was playing
Or what I was dreaming then,
But I struck one chord of music
Like the sound of a grand amen.

It flooded the crimson twilight,
Like the close of angel's psalm,
And it lay on my fevered spirit
Like a touch of infinite calm.

It quieted pain and sorrow
Like love's overcoming strife;
It seemed a harmonious echo
From our discordant life.

It linked all perplexing meanings
Into one perfect peace,
And it trembled away into silence
As if it were loath to cease.

I sought, but I seek it vainly,
That one lost chord divine
Which came from the soul of the organ
And entered into mine.

It may be that death's bright angel
Will speak in that chord again;
It may be that only in heaven
I shall hear that grand amen.

—Adele Anne Procter.

CURRENT COMMENT

"Rubbering" on Rubber.

The deterioration of rubber goods has been so marked in late years that it is pertinent to inquire into the cause and if possible seek for a remedy.

There was a time when a man could keep a pair of rubber overshoes for a couple of years or even more. He is lucky now if he gets through a single winter with them. It is not unusual for an object of rubber to become useless within a few days or weeks after its purchase, says the Brooklyn Eagle, which paper believes that a scarcity of rubber leads to its adulteration. Says the Eagle:

The reason for this instability is probably the melting up of rubber junk to mix with new and sound material. Old rubber shoes, tubes, bags, tires, bulbs, hose—the thousand things in which rubber is used—are carried to the factory, where they become a part of an output that is assumed by the buyer to be of sound material. Along with deterioration in quality comes increase in price, so that the customer who holds injurious opinions on the commercialism of the age is apt to speak them when he has been investing in rubber.

A substitute for rubber is needed, and this the Eagle thinks may be found in certain common plants that yield a gum similar to genuine rubber gum. To quote again:

Our swift and lawless destruction of natural resources may compel us ere long to seek profit from humble sources; hence it may be that when the rubber trees are used up we shall turn to the common milkweed of the roadside. This weed the farmers destroy by tons, and it would be no stranger that they should take to raising it in gardens than that they have taken to raising tomatoes, which our grandparents believed to be poisonous. Rubber we must have. The old supply is wearing out. Where to get new?

Japs Bound For Brazil.

If there is any truth in the talk about the Japanese government discouraging the emigration of its people there are evidently exceptions made for particular cases. It is reported from Yokohama that, as North America and Australia are practically closed to Japanese immigrants, Japan will now turn its attention to Brazil as a point toward which its surplus population shall be directed. It is said that the mikado has opened negotiations with Brazil which will permit the landing of 5,000 Japs in that country every year. Arrangements have been made with an Italian steamship company to bring the immigrants from Yokohama to Genoa, from which port there is a regular service to Rio de Janeiro.

If this report be true it is plain that the Japs are anxious to get a foothold in America, and we can rejoice if both parties to this venture in Brazil are suited. As a nation we have no hostility to the Japs who behave themselves, but we want no trouble. The people now in this country were here ahead of the Japs, and a great many of them have an objection to newcomers from the orient. It may be a mere prejudice or a whim, but it exists, and it will be best for all if the cause of the provocation is removed. We stand for liberty, but we are not inclined to go tilting against windmills. The Japs do not have to come to America, and if they do come they can find room outside of the United States.

Edison's Molded House.

Edison has been talking for some time about cheapening electricity, and it is hoped that his device for cheapening house building out of concrete will not sidetrack the other proposition. His idea that a three story house can be put up for \$1,000 looks reasonable on its face. The joke in it, if there is one, probably lies in the kind of house. Brick structures have a tendency to run to sameness and monotony, the opposite of what will make an attractive home. Edison's plan is to have ready molds for the walls and pour concrete into them, there to harden and stand erect when the molds are removed. At present the designs would have to be as plain as a dry goods box in order to bring the price down to \$1,000 for a three story structure.

Concrete blocks have simplified the matter of building for some styles of structure. But it has been found in many instances that a house built of concrete blocks has cost as much as a wooden one constructed on the same plans. A house built so as to give a

National Control Of Railroads Surely Coming.

By Senator FRANCIS G. NEWLANDS of Nevada.



THE people of the United States are awakening to the necessity of utilizing the NATIONAL POWER FOR THE PROMOTION OF THE GENERAL WELFARE. We nationalized banking and currency because we realized the folly of having as many different financial systems as there were states, the danger of inflation and panic arising from CARELESS AND INCONSIDERATE STATE ACTION. We nationalized irrigation because we saw the futility of subjecting the treatment of the sources, the watersheds and valleys of streams flowing through several states, to the localized action of the individual states.

THE DEMAND FOR NATIONAL ACTION AS TO WATER TRANSPORTATION WILL INCLUDE NATIONAL ACTION REGARDING RAILWAY TRANSPORTATION AND WILL NECESSITATE THE CREATION BY THE NATION OF GREAT CORPORATIONS WHICH ARE TO HANDLE THIS COMMERCE.

Under NATIONAL INCORPORATION the questions relating to inland waterways and railway and ocean transportation will be solved. There will be great corporations whose lines will extend from the Atlantic to the Pacific and others whose lines will extend from the lakes to the gulf. Such corporations will in transporting bulky products utilize the INLAND WATERWAYS through steamboats and barges constructed for that purpose. They will own great steamship lines which will carry our products to all the markets of the world. They will, subject to the approval of the interstate commerce commission, be enabled to effect such JOINT RATES BY LAND AND SEA as will make their ships profitable, notwithstanding the increased cost of American construction and administration. There will be no need of a ship subsidy to advance our merchant marine.

THESE CORPORATIONS WILL BE UNDER FULL GOVERNMENT CONTROL. THEIR ISSUE OF STOCK AND BONDS WILL BE SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF NATIONAL OFFICIALS. THE NATIONAL LEGISLATION COVERING THEM WILL GUARD NOT ONLY THE INTERESTS OF THE SHIPPERS AND PRODUCERS, BUT ALSO THE INTERESTS OF THE RAILWAY INVESTOR WHOSE INVESTMENTS SHOULD BE STABLE AND SHOULD BE FREE FROM THE CAPRICE OF THE STOCK MARKET.



ALBERT G. PORTER—1881-1885.

Albert G. Porter was born at Lawrenceburg, Ind., April 20, 1824. Partly with money earned by himself, he attended Asbury (now De Pauw) university and graduated from that institution in 1843. He adopted the law as a profession and located in Indianapolis. In 1880 Mr. Porter was elected governor. When General Harrison became president in 1889 he appointed Governor Porter minister to Italy. He died in Indianapolis May 3, 1897.

varied and picturesque outline would doubtless cost more than Mr. Edison's estimates, and the builder of a home usually wants what he wants and not the thing which a machine house builder would give him.

Heroic Work For Boys.

Excuse for college athletics is sometimes based upon the need of an interest to arouse and satisfy boyish ardor. Granting that, there may be other fields equally exciting that can be more useful in the long run. For instance, there is fire fighting. Fires are everywhere, and probably one-half of their destruction could be stayed by prompt and vigorous action at the right moment.

School children are now being taught how to act for their own safety at the outbreak of a fire. Boys big enough to play a good game of ball could be taught how to tackle the fire itself. Coolness, alacrity and strength are needed. Objection is made to the presence of boys in fire companies for obvious reasons. But some of the reasons might disappear if boys, under careful leadership, were organized and drilled as fire department auxiliaries. Often they would reach the field first and could do some effective skirmishing while the real fire fighters were getting up with the machines.

After his prolonged round of Japanese, Russian and Chinese banquets Mr. Taft will undoubtedly come back and hail with delight a plate of good American hash.

After awhile some one may discover another use for that new forty-three story Singer building besides that of taking birdseye views of New York from the roof.

It is bad enough to have a "past" dragging along behind, but when it bobs up in one's pathway it must be a pretty good life that is worth living.

Sometimes people a thousand miles from Wall street would be glad to have Uncle Sam butt in and help their local bank out of trouble.

Although candy is up in price, there remain slate pencils to nibble at.

The moment there is a lull in war alarms Vesuvius begins to throw out "disquieting rumors."

Credit is due to the Vanderbilt family for making peace without aid from The Hague.

Earthquakes that do not get any farther than the seismograph are the right sort.

GRATIFYING SHOWING
MADE IN THE STATE'S
FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS
DURING RECENT YEARS

[Special Correspondence.]

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 6.—The state is entering on a new fiscal year in its business affairs and the books at the auditor of state's office show that no institution or department had a deficit at the close of the last one, Sept. 30.

The record is really very unusual in view of conditions that formerly existed under Democratic regime. Then it was the rule that at least half of the state institutions would be overdrawn in their accounts with the state at the close of the fiscal year.

It was a common thing for the legislature to be called in to make up a deficit although no institution can legally draw from the state treasury that has not been regularly appropriated for its use.

Rule Strictly Enforced.

During the last ten years, since the Republicans have had control of the state governmental affairs, no institution has been permitted to have a deficit. If there was not sufficient money on hand to meet its expenditures it had to await the action of the legislature in making a new appropriation.

The auditor of state during the last two administrations has refused to let any institution overdraw its appropriation. The result is that the institutional boards have become more economical and conservative in their expenditures of the state's money and a better system of bookkeeping has been introduced. Under the present system inaugurated by the Republicans there is no chance for a juggling of the state's funds.

A Remarkable Record.

Appropos of the care the auditor of state is taking to prevent any appropriation being overdrawn it may be stated that in four years the auditor's department has made a mistake of but 50 cents.

In that time it has handled the enormous sum of \$65,000,000. Thousands of warrants have been issued and thousands of vouchers examined.

This office is the clearing house for the state's immense financial affairs. There are thousands of opportunities for mistakes, but the most searching investigation of expert accountants showed that the only mistake amounted to an overdraft of 50 cents paid to a clerk by a mistake in salary.

Notwithstanding this really wonderful showing the Democrats are trying to convince the people that the affairs of state are being badly mismanaged by the Republicans.

It is safe to say that no banker in Indiana has a better record than the auditor's department under the last two Republican administrations.

Improvements at Prison.

At the state prison the conveniently appointed cellhouse is fast nearing completion and will probably be occupied within three weeks. The ground floor chapel is now being put under roof. It will be finished the latter part of December.

Another improvement requiring the attention of the warden is the extension of the prison walls. The present capacity will be doubled and work upon the concrete foundations has been under way all summer. The work will be stopped this fall and resumed again in the spring, at which time the extension will likely be pushed to completion. Then the prison walls will take in an inclosure of eighteen acres.

The change being made in the prison's system of pumping water from the lake, although but a minor detail as compared to the other improvements, is receiving a great deal of the warden's attention. His system, always on an economical basis, is to save expense to the state. By placing the pumping station within the walls, thus doing away with the old station located in the lake hills, a mile from the prison, except in case of emergency, the warden figures he can save the state one-half in fuel. Then, too, it will no longer be necessary to transport fuel and provisions to the lake station where two or three life prisoners are always detained.

Will Audit Accounts.

Governor Hanly has appointed Harvey C. Cheney of Lafayette as executive accountant of Indiana. It is the duty of the executive accountant to keep in close touch with the accounts of all state institutions and state offices. He will work under the direction of the governor. The relations of the executive accountant to the state institutions and state officers is much the same as that of the bank examiner to the banks of the state. It will be possible under the new plan to have uniform bookkeeping in all of the state institutions, although it has not been definitely determined that any such steps shall be taken at once.

Mr. Cheney's service will continue during the administration of Governor Hanly, provided his work is satisfactory. Mr. Cheney formerly was auditor of Tippecanoe county and his experience in that office will greatly facilitate his work in the new position. His office will be in Room 57 on the second floor of the state house. The appropriation for the position of executive accountant becomes available with the beginning of the fiscal year, which is Sept. 30.

Try a WANT-AD for Results

ADE'S NEW PLAY WAS WORKED OVER

"Land of Dollars" is "The Bad Samaritan" Which Failed in New York City

The only absolute failure George Ade ever wrote was "The Bad Samaritan." It ran for a week or two in New York City and it fell under the many darts of severe criticism. Manager Savage at once withdrew it, and George Ade said it was never to be resurrected. But we are glad he changed his mind. It was brought forth from the dusty pigeon hole of memory and worked over, revarnished and made into a highly enjoyable comedy, "The Land of Dollars," and Ezra Kendall, the droll comedian, was happily chosen to fill the title role. Richard Golden played the role in the "Bad Samaritan," and he failed miserably; but Kendall is as great a success as Golden was a failure. The company supporting Kendall is capable in every instance, showing that great care was exercised in selecting person peculiarly adapted for the Hoosier play—for it is thoroughly Hoosier.

"The Land of Dollars" does not strike one as being genuinely Ade; it has more the flavor of a Hoyt farce; it lacks that rare naturalness and realism that Ade usually gives his characters and puts into his lines. To sum it up, it is highly improbable and impossible. And therein does it depart from those former everyday situations and possible situations heretofore employed by that genius in his playmaking. But it pleases and amuses, and in so doing it must be counted a success. Who was it attended the play that did not enjoy a hearty laugh; or maybe a hundred of them? Riley Chamberlin, as Higgins, proprietor of the "Lookout Inn" was immense. He was as fine a character as one would care to see; one of those pessimistic, tight-wad, soreheads found in every community, and Chamberlin made a great deal of it. Ethel Browning as "Philomena," a simple hired girl, made a big part out of a small one—she is an artiste. Ann Weston, the widow, was good. Fox, the detective, was a cleverly conceived part—well, in fact all the parts were played well. Ezra Kendall was convincing enough with his role and ex-cruciatingly funny at all times. Scenery was adequate, and the evening with a dash and a vim. Over one hundred and fifty Rushville people saw the show in Connorsville last night, and they have nothing but words of praise for the production. George McCutcheon, Ade's next friend, recently said the large number of gray hairs on the right side of the author's head was caused by "The Bad Samaritan;" they might resume their natural color again for that play in its new swaddling clothes promises to be a great success.

TWO COUNTIES TO BUILD LONG PIKE

Rush and Fayette Will Construct Pike Between Orange and Andersonville

A joint meeting of the county commissioners of Fayette and Rush counties was held at the court house here today. The report of the engineer and reviewers in the matter of the six miles of pike between Orange and Andersonville was accepted, and the commissioners will advertise for bids at once.

WATSON CLAYPOOL OFFICE IS ONLY A SIDE ISSUE

Indianapolis Sun: James E. Watson's headquarters at the Claypool hotel in Indianapolis is only a side issue compared to his home headquarters at Rushville. At the latter Ernest Thomas has a force of eight stenographers busy getting out campaign "literature."

Try a WANT-AD for Results

SOCIETY NEWS

Miss Dolly Cooching was hostess for the Sorosis club at her home on North Sexton street, Tuesday evening, and a pleasant evening was enjoyed by all present.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Daubenspeck will celebrate their sixtieth anniversary on next Saturday, in which a large number of the aged couple friends will participate.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Vernon in Orange township their daughter, Miss Hazel, was married to Mr. Albert Reed on Sunday afternoon, Nov. 3, 1907.

The house was beautifully decorated throughout, the parlor in palms, ferns and white chrysanthemums and the other rooms in chrysanthemums and autumn leaves.

The bride and groom were attended by Miss Carrie Branson and Mr. Clifford Benning. Miss Vernon wore a handsome gown of white silk; Miss Branson was becomingly attired in white batiste.

At three o'clock as the wedding march was being played by Miss Faye Harcourt, the bridal party entered the parlor and standing beneath the large wedding bell, were made one for life, Rev. F. M. Westhafer performing the ceremony.

After the couple had received the congratulations of their friends they were escorted to the dining room where a feast of daintily prepared fruits, ice cream and cake were served by Ada Campbell, Flo Harcourt, cousins of the bride and Miss Luedith Ward.

At the bride's table were seated Mr. Benning, Miss Branson, Rev. and Mrs. Westhafer, Mr. and Mrs. Vernon father and mother of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Reed and Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Reed, brothers of the groom and their wives.

The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Westhafer of Milroy, Mrs. Lucinda Harcourt, the bride's grandmother, Fay and Flo Harcourt, Ada Campbell, Charlie Harcourt, Raymond Boring, Roscoe Benning, Miss Luedith Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Benning, Mr. and Mrs. John Benning, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Reed, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Reed of Fairland, Mr. and Mrs. Beanie Piper and daughter Pauline and Miss Lottie Barnson.

The friends of these young people brought a large number of beautiful presents as tokens of the high regard in which they all are held.

Real Estate Transfers.

John R. Spivey and Clara Spivey to Phil Wilk and Cora E. Wilk, undivided one-sixth of 83 acres in Noble township, \$1095.

R. Edgar Henley, receiver of Riverside Gas Co., to William C. Nelson, 4 gas wells and other property, rights, tools, etc. of said Gas company in Ripley township, \$3575.

Hiram S. Price and Minnie M. Price to Charles R. Lewark, lot 8 in the town of Henderson, \$375.

Aaron Wellman et ux. to Eli and Mary A. Hardwick, lot 10 in New Salem and tract adjoining, \$1200.

William C. Nelson to Conemaugh Natural Gas company, 4 gas wells and other property, rights, tools, etc., in Ripley and Posey township, \$3575.

Emma Moor and Thomas B. Moore et al. to Thomas H. New, 45 acres, 140 poles in Ripley township, \$4900.

Rue E. Mahin and Zettie Mahin to Thomas K. Mull, 20 acres in Walker township, \$1500.

Anna B. Myers et al. to Lottie Rees, quit claim to arce of land in Glenwood, Ind., \$1, etc.

Joseph J. and Fannie M. Amos to Carl Wilson, 160 acres in Noble township, \$15,000.

Thomas Beaver and wife to Joseph Holman, 44.05 acres in Noble township, \$4500.

Isaac G. Macy and wife to Francis M. Meredith, 46 acres in Posey township, \$3450.

William H. Clark to Anna J. Rhodes, one-fourth interest in lot 2 in M. L. McBride's first addition to Mays, Ind., \$175.

Alfred J. Perkins et ux. to John A. Grubbs, lot in New Salem, \$700.

Josephine Tice and husband to Robert T. Moor, one-half acre in Ripley township, \$550.

Major J. Amburn to William H. Amburn, 90 square rods in Anderson township, \$1, etc.

Some Pumpkins

The undersigned wants 25 car loads of pumpkins immediately. Call phone, 287. Will Redman, Rushville. 4d3w

—About one hundred and fifty Rushville people saw "The Land of Dollars" in Connorsville last night. The Daily Republican is the classy advertising medium.

Coming and Going

—Prof. Frank M. Charlton, was in Indianapolis today.

—Mrs. Will C. Smith spent Tuesday with friends in Indianapolis.

—Rev. R. W. Abberley made a business trip to Indianapolis today.

—Rev. E. L. Frazier, pastor of the Christian church Tuesday evening.

—Mrs. Nathan Horr, of West Third street, is visiting friends and relatives in Shelbyville.

—Abraham and Will Bowen went to Knightstown today to visit the former's brother, who quite ill.

—Mrs Emma Mahern, of West Fifth street, is spending a few days visiting friends and relatives in Indianapolis.

—Mrs. Frank Mulligan, of Chicago, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Black in North Jackson street.

—W. H. Wright and wife returned Tuesday to their home in Falmouth, Ky., after an extended visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Colvin, in West Fifth street.

—Mrs. John K. Gowdy and Mrs. Isabel Wilson attended the dedication of the Methodist church at Arlington Sunday and were the guests of William Gowdy and family.

—R. F. Scudder was in the Capitol city today.

—Miss Lavache Innis spent today in Indianapolis.

—Col. E. H. Wolfe was a visitor at Indianapolis today.

—Dr. J. C. Sexton made a business trip to the city today.

—Will Bliss was a passenger on the Dispatch to Indianapolis today.

—Miss Sallie Buell, of Indianapolis, is visiting relatives and friends in this city.

—Rev. and Mrs. T. B. Gary were the guests of Mrs. Sarah E. Ball today.

—Mrs. Susan Hayes, of West Third street, is visiting friends in Indianapolis.

—Prosecutor W. L. Newbold and Mayor Cowing were in Indianapolis today.

—Edmund Johnson, an old veteran of Anderson, was in this city today for examination before the U. S. Pension Medical Board.

—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Reagan, of Indianapolis, returned home this afternoon after a few days' visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Amos Blackledge.

Tear Out this Ad.

Wrap 15c up in it, bring or send it to us, and we will give you a 25c jar of Red Star Witch Hazel Jelly. An excellent preparation for chapped hands, face, lips, tetter and other skin roughness. Very beneficial to use after shaving. Guaranteed and manufactured by

F. E. WOLCOTT,
Court House Druggist.

SAYS INVENTOR IS NOW DESTITUTE

Man Who Invented Wheat Drill Lives in Carthage—Needs Money

In yesterday's Indianapolis Star, the following appeared from a Carthage writer: "I have been watching for some time the developments made along the line of increasing pensions for the soldiers and holders of all Government offices demanding higher salaries and obtaining them, while on the other hand we have the picture of an honest, penniless old man, who has given his life and work for the good of his country—a man who has enriched this land with his genius, inventing the wheat drill, thus leading to the development of the great art

of scientific farming that we enjoy today.

"Such a man lives within the bounds of Rush county and I doubt not that there are not many more who deserve attention.

"Shall we stand off and gaze upon such a pathetic scene and not be moved by it? These men, I think, should be given our careful attention."

NEW CAMP WILL BE ORGANIZED TUESDAY

R. J. Bosworth, district deputy of the Modern Woodmen was here today and made final arrangements for installing a new camp at Falmouth.

The camp was to be instituted last night, but owing to not having the required number of applicants it had to be postponed. A big banquet will mark the close of the initiatory work next Tuesday.

EASY PAYMENTS

A Few of Our Many Leaders!

GUNN SECTIONAL BOOK CASES WE GUARANTEE

THE GUNN SYSTEM OF REPLACING BROKEN GLASS IN DOORS.



GUNN CASES

Roller-bearing, non-binding doors, removable to clean or replace broken glass; by simply unhooking. No unsightly iron bands or protruding shelves. Sections so nicely joined together the appearance is that of a solid case. The only Sectional Bookcase entitled to use the trademark of the Grand Rapids Furniture Association, which means the best.

THE OLD OR IRON BANNED WAY.



Come in and let us explain the Gunn System more fully. We set the cases up and guarantee satisfaction.

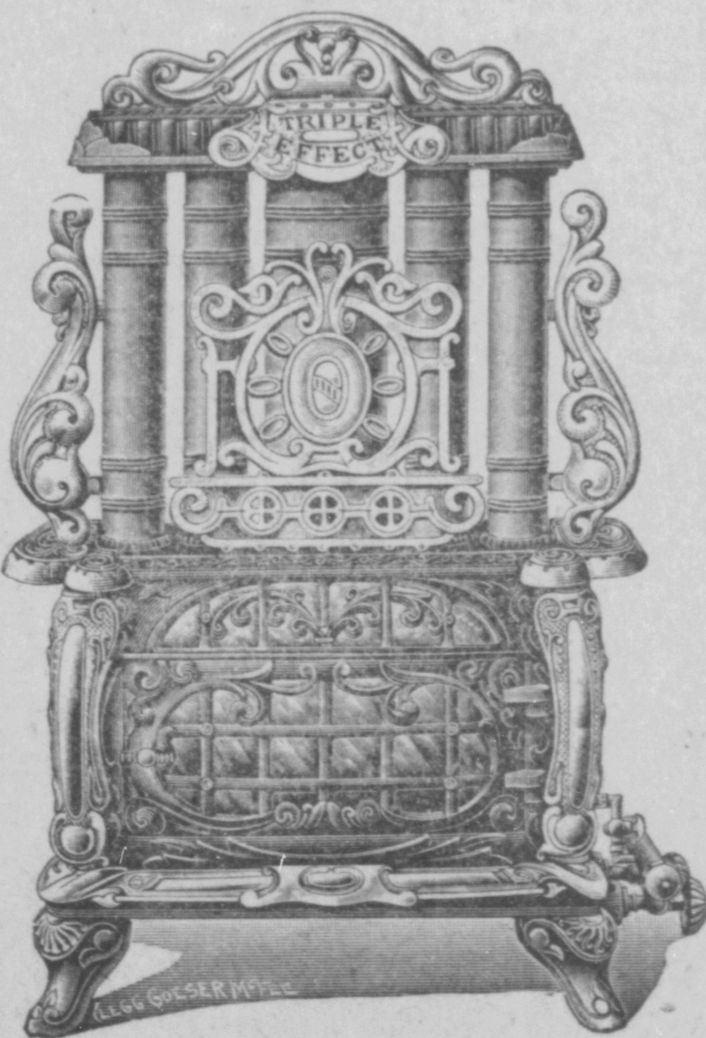


New Home Sewing Machines

Guaranteed 10 Years.
Ball Bearing. All attachments free.

\$20.00

Why Pay More?



The Greatest Gas Heater Made

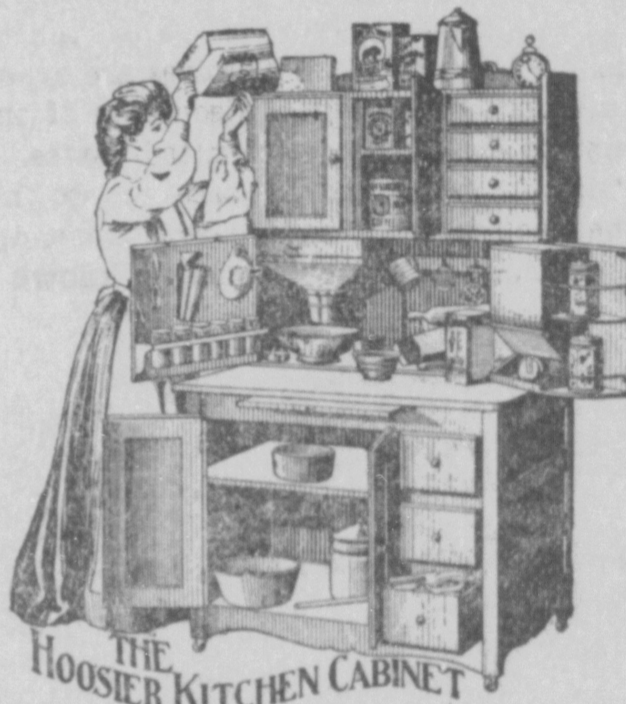
Kahn's Triple Effect. Positively Guaranteed. Free from Odor. No Sweating of Walls. Only Stove made with Condensation Bowl. Gas Economy. Heats Up-Stairs as well as Down-Stairs.

Give Your Wife a Vacation!

If you cannot send her to the country or to the lakes, you can . . .

Relieve Her of Kitchen Drudgery

—give her several hours extra each day to enjoy life at home. It doesn't cost much, either. Just install a simple system—so the work can all be done in one place. That reduces it by half. The only equipment needed to put in this labor-saving system is a . . .



and it doesn't cost much to get it. Remember it isn't the actual work that requires the most time. It is getting ready for it and putting things away.

Everything Is at the Fingers' Ends In a Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet

and it only takes a minute to put things away after preparing a meal. Don't put off buying until winter. You need a Hoosier Cabinet now. Anything that will reduce the hours spent in the kitchen during the hot summer months and help the busy housekeeper keep her energy and health from flagging and wilting in the kitchen is worth while.

Come Into Our Store and See Our Exhibit of These Cabinets. We will Show You a Short Cut in Kitchen Work.

JUST RECEIVED :

The latest Victor Records. Come in and hear them.

Do not buy

STOVES

Till you get our

PRICES

The Home Furnishing Company

STOVES THREE DOLLARS DOWN

FAIR PROMISE AND X-CELO 5 CENT CIGARS
Geo. P. Altmeyer, Maker, 248 Main St.

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Auditorium Connersville

NIXON & ZIMMERMAN have the pleasure of offering their Own Company
in the Musical Fantasy

THE GINGERBREAD MAN

BY A. BALDWIN SLOANE and FREDERIC RANKEN

60 - People - 60

30 - Song Hits - 30

A Perfect Production Presented in Peerless Perfection. Great Cast. Gorgeous Costumes
Grand Beauty Chorus of Vocal Supremacy. A Medley of Mirth,
:: :: Melody and Magnificence :: ::

Seats on Sale Thursday Morning at Green's
Drug Store. - - Frazee Phone 96

PRICES: 25, 50, 75, \$1.00, \$1.50

Saturday
Night
Nov. 9

The Spoilers.

By REX E. BEACH.

Copyright, 1905, by Rex E. Beach.

"Let them hunt," the girl was saying, while Dexty stared dazedly over her head. "They won't find anything. Keep cool and don't act rash."

Voorhees' duties sat uncomfortably upon him at the best, and, looking at the smoldering eyes of the two men, he became averse to further search in a powdery household whose members itched to shoot him in the back.

"It isn't here," he reported, but the politician only scowled, then spoke for the first time directly to the partners:

"I've got warrants for both of you, and I'm tempted to take you in, but I won't. I'm not through yet—not by any means. I'll get you—get you both." He turned out of the door, followed by the marshal, who called off his guards, and the group fled back along the walk.

"Say, you're a jewel, Cherry. You've saved us twice. You caught Voorhees just in time. My heart hit my palate when he looked into that stove, but the next instant I wanted to laugh at Dexty's expression."

Impulsively Glenister laid his hands upon her shoulders. At his look and touch her throat swelled, her bosom heaved and the silken lids fluttered until she seemed choked by a very flood of sweet womanliness. She blushed like a little maid and laughed a timid, broken laugh. Then, pulling herself together, the merry careless tone came into her voice, and her cheeks grew cool and clear.

"You wouldn't trust me at first, eh? Some day you'll find that your old friends are the best after all."

And as she left them she added mockingly:

"Say, you're a pair of 'shine' desperadoes. You need a governess."

CHAPTER XI.

RAW, gray day, with a driving drizzle from seaward and a leaden rack of clouds drifting low, matched the sullen, fitful mood of Glenister.

During the last month he had chafed and fretted like an animal in leash for word of Wheaton. This uncertainty, this impotent waiting with folded hands, was maddening to one of his spirit. He could apply himself to no fixed duty, for the sense of his wrong preyed on him fiercely, and he found himself haunting the vicinity of the Midas, gazing at it from afar, grasping hungrily for such scraps of news as chanced to reach him. McNamara allowed access to none but his minions, so the partners knew but vaguely of what happened on their property, even though, under fiction of the law, it was being worked for their protection.

No steps regarding a speedy hearing of the case were allowed, and the confusion between Judge Stillman and the receiver had become so generally recognized that there were uneasy mutterings and threats in many quarters. Yet, although the politician had by now virtually absorbed all the richest properties in the district and worked them through his hirelings, the people of Nome, as a whole, did not grasp the full turpitude of the scheme nor the system's perfect working.

Strange to say, Dexty, the fire eater, had assumed an oriental patience quite foreign to his peppery disposition and spent much of his time in the hills prospecting.

On this day, as the clouds broke about noon, close down on the angry horizon a drift of smoke appeared, shortly resolving itself into a steamer. She lay to in the offing, and through his glasses Glenister saw that it was the Roanoke. As the hours passed and no boat put off, he tried to hire a crew, but the longshoremen spat wisely and shook their heads as they watched the surf.

"There's the devil of an undertow settin' along this beach," they told him. "and the water's too cold to wadown in comfortable." So he laid firm hands upon his impatience.

Every day meant many dollars to the watcher, and yet it seemed that nature was resolute in thwarting him, for that night the wind freshened, and daylight saw the ship hugging the lee of Sledge island, miles to the westward, while the surf, white as boiling milk, doomed, and thundered against the shore.

Ward had gone through the street that Bill Wheaton was aboard with a writ or a subpoena or an alibi or what-

ever was necessary to put the "kibosh" on McNamara, so public excitement grew. McNamara hoarded his gold in the Alaska bank, and it was taken for granted that there would lie the scene of the struggle. No one supposed for an instant that the usurper would part with the treasure peaceably.

On the third morning the ship lay abreast of the town again, and a lifeboat was seen to make off from her, whereupon the idle population streamed toward the beach.

"She'll make it to the surf all right, but then watch out."

"We'd better make ready to haul 'em out," said another. "It's mighty dangerous." And, sure enough, as the skiff came rushing in through the breakers she was caught.

She had made it past the first line, soaring over the bar on a foamy roller crest like a storm driven gull winging in toward the land. The wiry figure of Bill Wheaton crouched in the stern, while two sailors fought with their oars. As they gathered for their rush through the last zone of froth a great comber rose out of the sea behind them, rearing high above their heads. The crowd on the surf's edge shouted. The boat wavered, sucked back into the ocean's angry maw, and with a crash the deluge engulfed them. There remained nothing but a swirling flood through which the lifeboat emerged bottom up, amid a tangle of oars, gratings and gear.

Men rushed into the water, and the next roller pounded them back upon the marble hard sand. There came the sound of splitting wood, and then a group swarmed in waist deep and bore out a dripping figure. It was a hump-headed seaman, who shook the water from his mane and grinned when his breath had come.

A step farther down the beach the bystanders seized a limp form which the tide rolled to them. It was the second sailor, his scalp split from a blow of the gunwale. Nowhere was Wheaton.

Glenister had plunged to the rescue first, a heaving line about his middle, and, although buffeted about, he had reached the wreck, only to miss sight of the lawyer utterly. He had time for but a glance when he was drawn outward by the undertow till the line at his waist grew taut, then the water surged over him and he was hurled high up on the beach again. He staggered dizzily back to the struggle, when suddenly a wave lifted the capized cutter and righted it, and out from beneath shot the form of Wheaton, grimly clutching the life ropes. They brought him in choking and breathless.

"I got it," he said, slapping his streaming breast. "It's all right, Glenister. I knew what delay meant, so I took a long chance with the surf." The terrific ordeal he had undergone had blanched him to the lips, his legs wobbled uncertainly, and he would have fallen but for the young man, who thrust an arm about his waist and led him up into the town.

"I went before the circuit court of appeals in 'Frisco," he explained later, "and they issued orders allowing an appeal from this court and gave me a writ of supersedeas directed against old Judge Stillman. That takes the litigation out of his hands altogether and directs McNamara to turn over the Midas and all the gold he's got. What do you think of that? I did better than I expected."

Glenister wrung his hand silently, while a great satisfaction came upon him. At last this waiting was over and his peaceful yielding to injustice had borne fruit—had proved the better course after all, as the girl had prophesied. He could go to her now with clean hands. The mine was his again. He would lay it at her feet, telling her once more of his love and the change it was working in him. He would make her see it—make her see that beneath the harshness his years in the wild had given him his love for her was gentle and true and all absorbing. He would bid her be patient till she saw he had mastered himself, till he could come with his soul in harness.

"I am glad I didn't fight when they jumped us," he said. "Now we'll get our property back and all the money they took out—that is, if McNamara hasn't salted it."

"Yes; all that's necessary is to file

SCENE FROM THE "GINGERBREAD MAN"



AUDITORIUM, CONNERSVILLE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9TH

the documents, then serve the judge and McNamara. You'll be back on Anvil creek tomorrow."

Having placed their documents on record at the courthouse, the two men continued to McNamara's office. He met them with courtesy.

"I heard you had a narrow escape this morning, Mr. Wheaton. Too bad! What can I do for you?"

The lawyer rapidly outlined his position and stated in conclusion:

"I filed certified copies of these orders with the clerk of the court ten minutes ago, and now I make formal demand upon you to turn over the Midas to Messrs. Glenister and Dexty and also to return all the gold dust in your safe deposit boxes in accordance with this writ." He handed his documents to McNamara, who tossed them on his desk without examination.

"Well," said the politician quietly, "I won't do it."

Had he been slapped in the face the attorney would not have been more astonished.

"Why—you—"

"I won't do it, I said," McNamara repeated sharply. "Don't think for a minute that I haven't gone into this fight armed for everything. Writs of supersedeas! Bah!" He snapped his fingers.

"We'll see whether you'll obey or not," said Wheaton, and when he and Glenister were outside he continued:

"Let's get to the judge quick."

As they neared the Golden Gate hotel they spied McNamara entering. It was evident that he had slipped from the rear door of his office and beaten them to the judicial ear.

"I don't like that," said Glenister. "He's up to something."

So it appeared, for they were fifteen minutes in gaining access to the magistrate and then found McNamara with him. Both men were astounded at the change in Stillman's appearance. During the last month his weak face had shrunk and altered until vacillation was betrayed in every line, and he had acquired the habit of furtively watching McNamara's slightest movement. It seemed that the part he played sat heavily upon him.

The judge examined the papers perfunctorily, and, although his air was deliberate, his fingers made clumsy work of it. At last he said:

"I regret that I am forced to doubt the authenticity of these documents."

"My heavens, man!" Wheaton cried. "They're certified copies of orders from your superior court. They grant the appeal that you have denied us and take the case out of your hands altogether. Yes, and they order this man to surrender the mine and everything connected with it. Now, sir, we want you to enforce these orders."

Stillman glanced at the silent man in the window and replied:

"You will, of course, proceed regularly and make application in court in the proper way, but I tell you now that I won't do anything in the matter."

Wheaton stared at him fixedly until the old man snapped out:

"You say they are certified copies. How do I know they are? The signatures may all be false. Maybe you signed them yourself."

Continued

Amusements

The Grand theatre offers a varied program for tonight and Thursday night in the four films, "Red Riding Hood," "Wonderful Lion Killer," "The Magic Lantern," and the comic film, "My Mother-in-law an Angel." The illustrated song, "Miss Killarney," will be sung.

The Vaude't has another one of those splendid programs for tonight. "Unpleasant Legacy," is a comic film and will please every one. "Tommy in Society" is another comical picture and shows the mischief that two boys can do. "A Crime in the Snow," is a beautiful film of a loved and tinted and shows how a man's conscience will hurt him when he does wrong. Miss

Blanche Wrennick will sing "Neath the Old Acorn Tree, Sweet Estelle." Those who missed seeing the shows at the Vaude't Friday, Saturday and Monday missed the best of the five cent theatre attractions and we advise everyone to see tonight's program which is equally as good.

Pierce R. Benton's elaborate production, "A Cowboy's Girl" is to be given at the Grand theatre in this city, Friday night, Nov. 8. Press and public speak of the latest Borson success in the highest terms. Many new features will be introduced and a performance seldom, if ever, seen outside of New York or Chicago will be given in its entirety. The complete

production, including the original cast, scenery and properties down to the smallest detail will be used by this company. A chance to see a play as they see it in Chicago is given our theatre-goers and they should avail themselves of the opportunity.

With a tremendous success in New York, Chicago, Philadelphia and the largest cities of the United States, the monarch of all musical plays, "The Gingerbread Man" will be presented by Nixon & Zimmerman at the Auditorium, Connersville Saturday, November 9th. It is doubtful if there is a production on the road that in point of scenic splendor can compare in any respect with "The Gingerbread Man." Five of the best scenic artists in the country were engaged for seven months in getting up this production. Nixon & Zimmerman, the Philadelphia managers of "The Gingerbread Man" paid particular attention to the selection of the members of the company.

The result is a cast which is superior to any of the musical comedies now traveling in the United States. Margaret Savori, who portrays "Marie" a confectioner's salesgirl, who was transformed by an evil genius into a Sugar Plum and respectively into a Princess, is famous for her beauty in two continents. Her song "That Beautiful Land of Bon Bon" was the hit of the last theatrical season in New York City. Others in the cast are Evelyn Kellogg, Nellie Nice, Fred J. Nice, Garrick Major, Ross Snow, James M. Clellan, James B. Lichter, Lutre Vrolman, Beed Lavey and many others. Quite a few from Rushville have made arrangements to see this play Saturday.

Depends. "The man who stands on the verge of old age and has nothing saved with which to guard against the future has truly lived a wasted life. Don't you agree with me?"

"That depends. Are you advancing this as a moral proposition or are you selling some sort of newfangled insurance?"—Pittsburg Post.

The Right Title. Geddis-Dubley is publishing his verses at his own expense. He calls the book "Wisdom in Fancy." Queer title, isn't it? Wise—Yes, but it's pretty near right. To be exact, he should call it "Wisdom's Infancy."—Exchange.

It Was Soaked. Mrs. Jawback—Why, you're wet through! Mr. Jawback—I know it. I'm soaked. Mrs. Jawback—But where's your umbrella? Mr. Jawback—It's—It's what I am.—Cleveland Leader.

His Contributions. "Do you make any systematic donations to benefit the health and comfort of your fellow man?" "Yes. I buy an umbrella about every two weeks."—Washington Star.

THAT
GOOD
SHOW

Pierce R. Benton

Submits the Latest Scenic Success

"A COWBOY'S GIRL"

A Play in a Class by Itself.

5 Specialties! Magnificent Scenery! Great Effects!

GRAND THEATRE—ONE NIGHT—FRIDAY, NOV. 8th

Prices 25, 35, 50. - Seats on Sale at Hargrove & Mullin's

GRAND 5c THEATRE TONIGHT

Red Riding Hood :: Wonderful Lion Killer
The Magic Lantern My Mother-in-Law an Angel
Illustrated Song, "Miss Killarney"

A new show POSITIVELY starting every 30 minutes from 7:15 to 9:45.

ALL SEATS 5c ALL TIMES. Everybody goes to the Grand

THE NEW VAUDET

BIG WHITE 5c THEATRE

"A Crime in the Snow" "Unpleasant Legacy"
"Tommy in Society"
Miss Blanche Wrennick will Sing: "Neath the Old
Acorn Tree, Sweet Estelle"

DOORS OPEN AT 7:00

Bulwark of the Banks

JUST WHAT NEW YORK'S CLEARING HOUSE DOES AND HOW IT WAS ESTABLISHED.

Skilled Association That Has Been Made the Center of Country's Financial System Through Vast Transactions of Modern Business—Simple Expedient That Solves the Problem For Individual Banks of Keeping Enough Cash on Hand to Meet Daily Needs.

TO the average followers of affairs financial the name of the New York clearing house is associated primarily with the weekly bank statement on which brokers sell or buy the market, as suits their disposition, and an annual statement of clearings, balances and exchanges running into wholly impossible figures that are only useful for one who is preparing an address upon the commercial greatness of the country. To the average outsider still less is suggested by mention of the New York clearing house unless perhaps there remains a memory of some early study of banks and their relationship to each other, says the New York Times.

Go down past the clearing house building in Cedar street, between Broadway and Nassau, and there is no sign of great things happening near by. A doorway leading into a marble walled foyer, where sits an ancient guard reading a newspaper; then a winding succession of stairs—more than one stairway and hardly two—and one comes into an upper corridor and meets another guard, also at his ease.

Inside are two private offices that might serve any large private banking

wise, and organizations of business men in many quarters give their thanks to the New York clearing house for its services in the interest of sound banking and proper business methods. It is easily a circumstance that merits a bit of study as to how it came about.

Suppose one goes back, just for a moment, to the beginning, before there was any clearing house at all. It was long enough ago to be in the days when the hoarding of one's wealth in a stocking was not a matter for extraordinary comment. Diverse systems of banking carrying diverse consequences to the depositor had afflicted the country, and there were not a few who had but little use for banks anyhow and chose to keep their funds at home, where they could be always obtainable. These chary ones, then, wanted to have their assets in a thoroughly "liquid" state. To do that they took the chances of fire and robbers and rats, kept their deposits in their closets and made their clearances over their own hearthstones.

It was a system that had certain advantages, but was not without its drawbacks. If one leaves out of consideration the element of safety in the stocking bank there is still an objection of inconvenience when it comes

person to whom the debt was due. So the banks, with their steel and concrete vaults for their cupboards, kept their funds in their stockings and made their clearances over their own counters, sending forth their messengers in person with cash to pay those who owed and would not come to collect.

Hence the establishment of the clearing house. Here was a community knitted more and more closely together every year by the strengthening of common business interest, becoming more and more a center for the exchange of the country's business, where the weekly clearings ran into the billions of dollars and the weekly exchanges of credits into the hundreds of millions. For each bank to keep on hand all the cash needed to care for all the demands of depositors every day meant that practically all the assets representing active accounts must be available at an instant's notice.

Element of Danger.

There was an element of waste and an element of danger in such a situation as this. The element of danger was that the banks, obliged to keep so large an amount of cash on hand, would have shut down on their customers whenever there was the slightest contraction of money, lest they find themselves unable to make good. The element of waste lay in the limitations placed upon the investments which the banks might safely and profitably make of the funds in their charge if only their actual cash outlay could be figured on the net instead of on the gross basis. The clearing house was the result.

And with the clearing house came mutual confidence based upon information. The member banks, first disclosing to each other their debts and credits every day, later recognized the wisdom of making a weekly confession of condition. Side by side was maintained the right of the clearing house to go in and make an examination at any time of a member bank, for the clearing house undertook to take from each bank belonging to it a statement of its claims against every other member bank, to balance those statements, collect the balances from the debit banks and turn the credits over to the banks entitled to receive them.

Good Work Done In 1893.

It was back in 1893 when the clearing house last demonstrated that it was an instrument of safety as well as of convenience. In the memory of recent things one needs not hark back to the money stringency of that time for illustration of what such a condition means to the banks. In 1893 the people had to withdraw their money from the banks not because they distrusted the banks themselves or the methods by which they were conducted, but because the money was needed to pay for the necessities of business and personal life. There came a time when there was not cash enough in actual circulation to go around among the banks if withdrawals were to continue, and the prospect was for a suspension of payments not because of insolvency based on inability to pay debts in liquidation, but inability to convert good assets into cash quickly enough to keep up with the demands of depositors.

The plan that was adopted has become historic. In the office of William Sherer, the present manager of the clearing house, there hangs a picture of a group of gentlemen gathered around a big board room table. At the head of the table is H. W. Cannon, then president of the Chase National bank, and around him are T. D. Tappan, who was president of the Gallatin National; G. G. Williams, then president of the Chemical National; William A. Nash, president of the Corn Exchange National, and J. Edward Shumons, president of the Fourth National, who are still at the head of those institutions, and E. H. Perkins, who was at the head of the Importers and Traders'. With them were Mr. Sherer and W. J. Gilpin, assistant manager of the clearing house.

Eliminates Cash Exchanges.

The committee became known as the clearing house loan committee. Its procedure was to eliminate entirely the exchange of cash between the banks in settling their balances with each other by means of a system of clearing house loans and credits. Thus if a bank had a debit balance of \$250,000 it would be required to put up approved collateral with the clearing house backing a loan to it in this amount. If a bank, on the other hand, had a credit balance it would receive a certificate from the clearing house in this amount having the pledge of the associated banks behind it.

By this method it became possible for the banks to use all their funds for their over the counter business without having to employ any part of their cash to settle their balances in the clearing house. The degree of the emergency may be judged from the fact that currency sold at a premium of 4 per cent, and the banks without concern for possible receivership applications refused to pay out cash on their checks presented in any large amounts until the depositors could satisfy them that the money was needed for legitimate purposes.

The panic of 1893 passed by and there were no bank failures in the clearing house circle. The names of the men who were on the loan committee of that year went down into history as having performed a great public service that was to stand unique until the crisis of October, 1907, was reached.

The clearing house committee of 1907 will also go down in financial history as having exercised effectively and skillfully the moral suasion which is the chief power of an organization with billions of assets among its members.

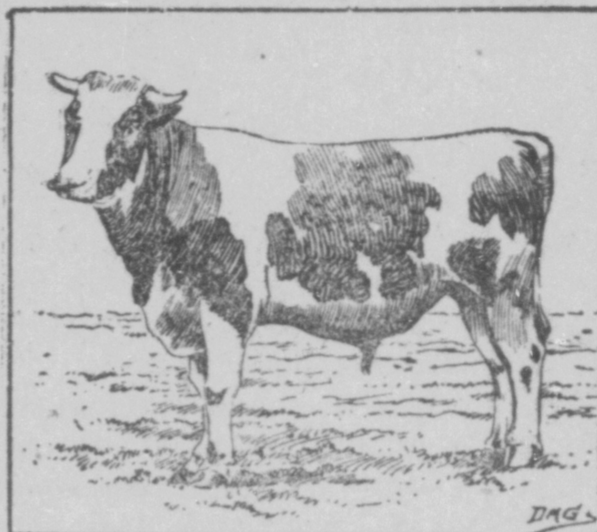
In the Dairy

Is a bull worth \$8,000? It's not an easy matter to show in dollars and cents just how a bull is worth \$8,000. A great many men realize that it pays to have a good sire at the head of their herd and are willing to pay \$100 to \$150. A herd of cows that produce 300 pounds of butter fat a year requires good blood at its head to keep up that yield.

It takes as much room to care for a 200 pound cow as a 300 pound one and costs about the same for feed and labor. Roughly speaking, there is a difference in profit of 100 pounds of fat per year, which is worth from \$20 to \$25. If a cow that will produce 200 pounds of fat in a year is worth \$50, a cow that will produce 300 pounds is worth \$100.

If this statement be true, the question is, How much is a sire worth that will produce such cows if a scrub that will get 200 pound cows is worth \$25? A good sire ought to get on the average twenty-five heifers a year. Now, if these heifers will produce \$20 to \$25 apiece more butter per year than those from the scrub bull it means an increased income of \$500 to \$625 per year, or the interest on \$10,000.

The sire is a getter of a crop of calves each year, and his blood is handed down to the coming generations through his daughters and sons, which of course makes it impossible to estimate exactly his value. It is an open question whether the ordinary breeder can afford to pay \$8,000 or



COLANTHA JOHANNA LAD.
(Sold for \$8,000; bred by W. J. Gillett of Wisconsin and now owned by D. W. and F. Field, Massachusetts.)
\$10,000 for an animal to head his herd. Through the proper mating with such animals and carefully raising their get, there is no question but the man with means and breeding ability can make it pay. Of course it will not pay in the first year or two with the increased production of fat, but the great value lies in the increased production of animals that will result from the services of exceptionally good sires.

Commenting in the foregoing words on the sale of a bull at a remarkably high price, Hoard's Dairyman adds: Colantha Johanna Lad, herewith illustrated, is out of an exceptionally good cow and from a family of cows capable of producing over 400 pounds of fat in a year. His mother, Colantha IV's Johanna, gave in one year as a four-year-old 19,300 pounds of milk containing 693 pounds of fat. During her present lactation period she is making an official test, and up to Aug. 1, or in seven months and nine days, she had produced 18,400 pounds of milk containing 673 pounds of fat.

A cow with such wonderful records and backed by female ancestors on both sides that are exceptional capable dairy animals makes a bull from her worth many times that of the ordinary pure bred animal. Eight thousand dollars is a big price to pay for a sire, but 19,300 pounds of milk containing 693 pounds of fat is a big record, and if nothing happens to her during the next three months she will far exceed this and set a new standard in the production of fat.

The Output of Dleo.

There has been a big increase in the amount of the output of oleomargarine during the past fiscal year, which ended June 30. The increase over the previous year is over 28 per cent. The reason for this is not hard to find. First is the high price of butter that has prevailed during the year, being from 3 to 5 cents higher than has been known for several years. Then the poor quality of much of it has also had its influence.

A feature in the situation that would make the report look better from the dairyman's standpoint is the large amount that has been exported during the year. As long as the price of butter continues to advance or hold where it is there is no need for alarm over this increase in the output of oleomargarine. It emphasizes the fact that dairymen must make more and better butter.—Chicago Dairy.

Dairy Ration For South Carolina.

Cottonseed meal and corn silage form by far the cheapest dairy feeds available to our dairymen. The cost of such a ration is only slightly more than half as much as that of the common dairy ration now fed in this state.

Our good results in the exclusive feeding of cottonseed meal and corn silage as a dairy ration are undoubtedly largely attributable to the fact that the corn silage was made from well matured corn rich in grain, making it especially rich in carbohydrates. Unless silage is especially rich in grain a ration consisting entirely of corn silage and cottonseed meal will lack in non-nitrogenous matter.—Bulletin, Clemson College.

Look it over

ALL that is necessary to appreciate their worth is one good look at

KEITH'S KONQUEROR
SHOES for MEN
\$3.50 \$4.00 \$5.00

Preston B. Keith Shoe Co., Makers, Brockton, Mass.
Sold by V. B. BODINE & CO.,
222 West Second Street



Want Ad Department

WANT ADS—under this head will be inserted the Indianapolis Star at the combined rate of 60 per line, six words to a line. Insertions in the Daily Republican alone, 20 per line each time

LOTS—A half grown golden kitten Saturday night. Return to 499 East Third street and received reward Nov. 4 6td

WANTED—to exchange steer calves for two driving horses. O. L. CARR, 2d6t

FOR SALE—One work horse. George McKoberts, 2 miles south of Rushville on Winship Pike. 316td

FOR RENT—Seven room house on East Sixth Street. Apply to W. W. Offutt, East Sixth Street 1-tf

FOR RENT—furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Apply at 127 East Third. oct31-6td

FOR RENT—Six room brick house on West Ninth Street. Apply at 632 N. Harrison. 316t

FOR SALE—A good general purpose mare, sound, four years old. See William L Price, city marshal. Oct. 25,tf.

TO LET—nice warm clean rooms 333 North Morgan St. octe6tf

First Boatman to Second Ditto—E's got more brains in 'is head than you and me 'as got in the rest of our bodies.—London Tatler.

When you have the BACKACHE the liver or kidneys are sure to be out of gear. Try SANOL, it cures backache in 24 hours, and there is nothing better for the liver or kidneys. For sale at the drug store.

FERRETS FOR SALE—call at 526 West First Street. 566

WANTED—a second-hand drag saw, in good condition. Address, 608 Milroy, Indiana. nov5-6td

WANTED—a good farm hand, married man, house furnished. W H Millin, R. R 11, Rushville, Ind. nov5tf

FOR RENT—two houses 813 North Perkins and 128 East Eighth Inquire 731 North Perkins St. oct4tf

FOR SALE—To rooms off Lock property, corner Morgan and Fifth. See W. Wolung. 26tf

TO LET—A modern 4 room flat with large hall, and bath room. Hot and cold water, combination fixtures, gas and electricity. Suitable for small family or four young men. Republican Co. building. See Manzy & Denning. 23tf

SAVE YOUR CORN—Use Hargrove & Mullin's Rat Paste. July25tf

TO LET—Furnished rooms. Mrs Kate Banta, 223 West Fifth Street. sept1tf

GAS ENGINE—4 horse power Otto gas engine for sale. In good shape and running now. Call at this office.

FARMERS—Are not bothered with rats and mice when Hargrove & Mullin's Rat Paste is used. Jul26tf

KILLED—Rats and mice have short lives when Hargrove & Mullin's Rat Paste is used. July25tf

HICKORY NUTS—Wanted, one bushel hickory nuts W. O. Fendner, at Republican office.



THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE.

house and back of them a board room, impressive in its mahogany paneling and furniture. There is an air of deliberation about the whole place. Nobody speaks loudly; nobody appears to hurry; nobody acts as though he were at the very vortex of the great swirling financial community.

Into these quiet quarters have been going daily for the last few days a company of grave faced men. They meet in the morning in the board room and are together for a half hour, an hour or longer, as the case may be. When they separate to leave the building each is greeted at the door by a knot of reporters with a common question:

"Is everything safe?"

And the members of the clearing house committee have answered:

"Everything is safe today. The usual applications were made for assistance, and it will be extended."

Center of Land's Finance.

It is about once in a score of years that this thing happens. When it does come about the New York clearing house becomes a name on every tip in every business center in the land. It is no longer the medium merely of a published bank statement and annual report. The fact that all the national banks in the city through it have demonstrated their ability to meet their balances makes it the primary news center for the finances of the land.

Just recently the Clearing House association has figured in the news in an even more prominent way. Certain gentlemen of explosive financial methods have been eliminated from the banking situation. The papers have said that the clearing house did it—went so far even as to compel one or more of them to sell their bank stock and otherwise to efface themselves. The action is hailed as courageous and

to applying such a system to the exigencies of even the ordinary kinds of business. It involves carrying a great deal of money in one's clothes, which may be not only uncomfortable, but unsafe. It involves postponing collections from one's fellow traders until they happen to have a sufficient amount of funds in their pockets to settle up. It necessitates much making of change.

End of the Stocking Regime.

So it is not difficult to see how the system of letting a bank make the change and attend to the other bothersome matters between the man who pays and the man who receives became a popular one and in measure as it commanded public confidence superseded the stocking theory of banking.

These trite reminiscences are indulged in here to remind the reader first that confidence and credit based on confidence were essentials of the first departure that public convenience prompted from the stocking bank theory of doing business. And in the second place they are made in order to suggest that after the banking community became highly developed, so that there were many people clearing their own personal debts and credits through many banks, the banks themselves came to occupy the same relation to each other as regards the transaction of their mutual business as their customers had occupied each to the others a generation or two before.

The check of every bank was a certificate of its own indebtedness, good so long as the person to whom it was tendered believed that the individual who signed it had the funds on deposit and that the bank itself was sound. But, however readily accepted, the check of John D. Rockefeller or J. P. Morgan would have no value unless its handling meant in the end that the actual cash was to be paid out to the

Any Woman Knows THAT

CLOTHES must be boiled before they can be made perfectly clean. Any woman knows THAT. You can soak and you can rub—but you can't get the dirtiest washing absolutely clean and white without boiling them with

Maple City Self Washing Soap

This wonderful Soap does the work like magic—without anything in it to eat the clothes or the hands—without the least fading of colors or shrinking of woollens. Maple City Soap has made washing a fine art—an easy and pleasant task, by rendering rubbing and drudgery unnecessary. For woodwork, paint, windows and dishes it is without an equal. You can't keep house right without it.

Big, white, double-lasting cake, 5 cents at all grocers.

MAPLE CITY SOAP WORKS,

Monmouth, Illinois.



W. B. REDUSO for LARGE WOMEN

Restraints tendency to overfleshiness, and moulds the over-developed proportions into graceful outlines hitherto thought to be attainable only by slighter figures.

This splendid result is attained by an unbanded apron extension which reaches down over the abdomen and hips, giving the wearer absolute freedom of movement.

This feature absolutely eliminates the necessity of any harness-like devices and straps, hitherto deemed essential on corsets of this kind.

Reduso Style 750—(For tall stout women), which is illustrated here, is built as per description, with medium high bust. Made of durable coutil, in white or drab. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 22 to 36. Price, \$3.00.

Reduso Style 760—(For short stout women), is the same as style 750 except that the bust is somewhat lower all around. Made of white and drab coutil. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 24 to 36. Price, \$3.00.

W. B. NUFORM & ERECT FORM CORSETS can be found on sale at dealers everywhere at \$1.00 and up. Weingarten Bros., M's., 377-9 Broadway, New York

NOVEMBER

This is the Clothes-Buying Month of the Year

The Knecht Clothing Co.

We are going to offer inducements during the month of November that will bring you to our store, and will cause you to be numbered among our customers.

We Start Right

Here are a few of our offerings for this week.
November 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th.

Overcoats for Less

2 patterns of Gray Plaid Overcoats, 50 inches long, conceded \$20 values, now priced at **\$15**

Fancy Gray Harrington Overcoat, 52 inches long that was marked \$10.00, this week only **\$7.50**

Other Overcoats priced this week at \$3.50 to \$15.00

Suits Priced Lower

Two new Brown Plaid Worsteds Suits, just arrived, should have been here a month ago to sell at \$22.50, now **\$18**

Brown Novelty Cheviot Suits, priced elsewhere at \$18 and \$20, that were marked \$15, this week **\$12.50**

Other Suits priced this week at \$5.00 to \$18.00

Reductions on Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats.

Children's Norfolk Suits, plain pants, that sold as high as \$5.00, \$4.00 and \$3.00, only **\$2.48**

Boys' School Suits **\$1.25**

Boys' Corduroy Suits **\$1.98**

Children's Reefer Overcoats, red flannel lined, only **\$3.98**

Children's Blue and Gray Overcoats, excellent values, only **\$2.48**

Boys' Long Overcoats, priced as low as **\$3.48**

Boys' Reefer Overcoats at half price.

\$1.00 Shirts, 69c

We have selected six dozen shirts from the \$1.00 line that are broken lots, and put them on sale this week for only 69c

75c Driving Gloves, 48c

Men's stylish Dress or Driving Gloves in light and dark tan only **48c**

\$7.50 Ordinary Suit only \$5.00.—Men's Heavy Double Breasted Corduroy Suits, worth \$7.50, only **\$5.00**

One lot of Men's and Boys' Corduroy Pants that were \$1.00 and \$1.50, now **75c**

The Knecht Clothing Co.,

OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

LOCAL NEWS

O. W. B. M. of Little Flatrock church will meet with Mrs. Sue Reeve Thursday afternoon at two o'clock.

A called meeting of the Pocahontas will be held at the Redmen hall tomorrow evening. All members are requested to be present.

The Mark Master degree will be conferred by Rush Chapter No. 24 R. A. M., Thursday evening, Nov. 7th. Time changed from Friday, the 8th.

The Band of Workers of the First Presbyterian church, wishes to thank the members of the Knights of Pythias for the use of their hall for the rummage sale.

Greenfield Star: Frank Keeley, of Rushville, who has a position as motorman on the Indianapolis & Cincinnati traction line, has been visiting Philadelphia and Greenfield friends for a few days.

There have recently been complaints from women who have had their feather beds renovated, that the renovators swap good feathers, for chicken feathers, and in some cases even substitute cotton. Better watch out or the feather man will get you next.

AS OTHERS THINK

Everyone in Rushville Has a Right to His Own Opinion

While everyone has a right to his own opinion, yet it is wise to always consider what others think and profit by their experience.

Nothing makes life so miserable, or interferes so widely with the usefulness of the average American, as indigestion, and it is well for us to give fair consideration to what others think about remarkable affliction.

F. B. Johnson & Company are positive that in Mi-o-na stomach tablets they have an absolute cure for indigestion and the many disagreeable symptoms that follow this disease, such as distress after eating, coated tongue, bad taste in the mouth, dizziness, flatulence, nervousness and debility.

Their action in selling Mi-o-na on a guarantee to refund the money unless it cures, shows plainly their belief in the value of this remedy. They take all risk, and there will be no charge whatever for Mi-o-na unless you are satisfied that it has relieved you of indigestion.

Clarence Roots, of Connersville, was in this city today.

P. N. Eakins, who lives northeast of this city, has an attack of typhoid fever.

Mary E. Heatherington has sued her husband, Carl K. Heatherington for divorce in the Rush circuit court.

Mrs. Mary Rudy sold her property located in North Sexton street to Miss Georgia Morris today. Consideration, \$2100.

A sensational divorce suit was venued here today from Henry county, the participants being a number of prominent New Castle society people.

Marshall Carmichael and Miss Alma Odear, two of Rushville's highly respected residents, were both very low this afternoon, and not expected to live.

Mrs. J. H. Brown and son Charles wish to thank their neighbors and friends, through the Daily Republican, for their words of sympathy and acts of kindness during the sickness and death of their dear husband and father. This kindness will ever be remembered by the family.

DECREASE IN THE G. A. R. RANKS RAPID

Department Commander Has Issued Circular Urging Increase in Membership

W. A. Ketcham, department commander of the Indiana G. A. R., who visited the G. A. R. post in this city a few days ago, has just sent out a general order urging the G. A. R. posts in Indiana to recruit their ranks. There is scarcely a county in the State, the bulletin says, in which there are not comrades that are not members of any post.

Mr. Ketcham believes that many of these veterans will become members of posts if they are urged to do so. The great decrease in the ranks, caused by death, he says, makes it necessary to gain many new members in order to keep up the strength of the organization.

The general order calls attention to the Indiana Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home at Knightstown, where the children of deceased veterans or veterans who are not able to care for their children properly, are educated. He urges all veterans to see to it that any child in the community that is in need of attention which can not be given by its parents, is sent to this home.

LIGHTNING CAME WITHOUT THUNDER

The Thunder Was Too Distant For Local Ears to Hear

Many residents of the city witnessed an electrical display in the eastern heavens about six o'clock Tuesday evening occasioned by bright flashes of lightning. The thunder was too distant for local ears to hear. Several bright flashes lit the heavens. Such incidents seldom occur in November and much comment was occasioned. The rain two hours later, explained in part, the cause of the lightning.

Man Refuses to Die.

You can't blame a man for desiring to live, and you can't blame a man if he takes Seline Pills, when he knows they will help him live longer. They are the greatest tonic in the world for both men and women. Price \$1 a box; six boxes \$5. Address or call Hargrove & Mullin, Rushville. This is the store that sells all the principal remedies and does not substitute.

FLEM PEA, KING OF FISHERMAN, MAKES HAUL

Flem Pea, the noted fisherman, who carries his luck on his hook and uses it for bait, made a good haul on the banks of Flatrock Tuesday and it was not a good day for fishing either. He landed eighteen nice suckers in ninety minutes.

A Fresh Car-load of That Good Salt, at Flinn's.

"The Store For Particular People."

Hargrove & Mullin - Drugs

Quality First

IT'S ALRIGHT

To get what you call for when you step into a store, but when we know we have a remedy that has proven a success, and can truthfully recommend it to you, do you think it is very harmful for us to show it?

THEY CALL IT SUBSTITUTING

But at the same time, we know that RAYMOND REMEDIES are much better and less harmful than a great many that are advertised today.

The Girl

Who's Growing Fast

Needs a coat extra full and generous so as to give her real service for two seasons.

This result is achieved in the line of coats we are showing for this Fall's wear. They are from the famous "WOOL-TEX" factory and the guarantee of two seasons' satisfactory wear given by these celebrated makers stands back of every garment bearing the Wooltex label.

These coats come with double yoke back and front, protecting the wearer against danger from cold-sickness. She'll stay comfortable in one of these natty coats no matter what the thermometer says.

The styles are charmingly youthful in their many designs, and the tailoring equal to that of any ladies' coat.

Come in and examine this fine showing. You will miss the best there is unless you see these "WOOLTEX" coats for growing girls.



Prices From \$5 to \$15

Ladies' "Wooltex" Cloaks

Marchioness style—Long loose cloaks with extra full skirts, perfect fitters around collar and shoulders.

Bellemore style—Long fitted cloak. Very swell garment for those ladies who can wear them. They are perfect fitters.

New Dress Goods this week — Plain Colors and Plaids. New Fancy Plaid Silks. Visit us often. Every day brings something different.

Visit Our Basement Dep't. For Your Thanksgiving Needs

Mauzy & Denning

MILROY

RUSHVILLE

Closing Out Our Hard Coal

Must make room for a lot of lumber; now is your time to lay in your winter's supply at very low prices.

All Kinds Building Material

Paints, Cement Blocks, Builders' Hardware, Tiling, Etc.

Yard Near L. E. & W. Station.

Case Lumber Yard

Wilford Grindle, Manager.

The Cough Remedy

That We Recommend.

DR. BEHER'S COUGH CURE is what we recommend when a customer asks which is the most effective remedy among our whole stock of cough medicines. It quickly and positively cures a cough, stops coughing spasms at once, relieves throat soreness and eases the breathing.

Price, 25 Cents and 50 Cents
F. B. JOHNSON & CO.

DRUGS. WALL PAPER



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L. ADLER,
BROS. & CO.

Frank Wilson

A Very Swell Garment

For the young man, is one made by L. Adler Bros. & Co., the coat having large lapels and but two buttons.

For the conservative dresser we have coats carrying three or four buttons.

The bright but cool days of the fall and early winter make Top Coats indispensable.

We have them—in price from

\$10.00 to \$22.50

Our Overcoats and Cravenettes

Are finished by expert designers and cutters, from goods selected by capable judges of cloth, and are made by the most competent lot of journeyman tailors in the trade. They are of different lengths and materials, so that all kinds of men, with all kinds of tastes, can suit themselves. Drop in at your convenience for a view of the new suits and overcoats.

FRANK WILSON